EMBER
LINGTON
OU VALUE
MONEY.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

EVERYTHI
IN
CYCLES CONSUL
WELLINGTONS
BOMBAY.

VI NO. 3 — BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1918. TWO ANNAS

HIPPING

RD BRITISH INDIA
ncorporated in England.)
ASSENGER SERVICE.

f the P. & O. Co., will be
ched to London at frequent
ng at Aden, Port Said and

H INDIA Co. will despatch
for Karachi, Persian Gulf
South African ports at
rvals.

Rates of Freight and Pas-
d O. and B. I., sailings may
with
NON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

YUSEN KAISHA
Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
corporated in Japan.)
SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA
PORE, HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI.
Sailings and Freight
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
ldings,
by Road, Fort, Bombay.

A SHOSEN KAISHA
Incorporated in Japan.)
OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Vessels, Gross Tonnage 361,421.
will be despatched at regular
Japan via Singapore and Hong-
ght and other particulars regard-
, etc., please apply to the under-
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
valla Building.
Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
T AMERICAN REMEDY.
Prof. JAMES'
lectro Tonic Pearls.
ills positively cure sleeplessness.
mory, brain fag, incapacity, dis-
for work, study or business, ge-
bility and all results of overwork
ation. In cases of premature old
untary discharges and weariness
t effort these Pearls effect a wonder-
almost a miraculous cure.
Bottle of 25 Pearls, Re. 1-4-0.
Bottle of 40 Pearls, Re. 2-0-0.
P. Charges, annas four extra.
SOLE AGENTS:
ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND
CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point.)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank:

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Seattle (U.S.A.)
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tiehling
Honolulu	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsingtau
Liaoyang	Singapore	Tsinanfu

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED .....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND .....Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA
CEYLON, MALAY STATES, JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Serenbam	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

JAVA & SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, PHILIPPINES SIAM.

Batavia	Saigon	Cebu	Puket
Sourabaya	Haiphong	Hoile	
Medan			

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS.—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principle commercial cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

J. KEENAN,
Agent.

Esplanade Road.
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours.—10-30 a.m. to 4-0 p.m.
Saturday.—10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £562,500
Reserve Fund £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,500,000
old Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kawla Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Sourabaya
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Taipeh
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yiotlo
Hongkong	Penang	
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1224.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO MILLS, COLOUR MERCHANTS AND DYERS.

Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to invite private offers for the following stock of Aniline Dyes of original packing in half lb. and 1 lb. tins such as:—

Congo red, fast pink, green crystals, orange and chrysophinine.

Samples can be seen on application to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE UNCLAIMED GOODS AND SWEEPINGS AT WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT OF THE G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Co., and in accordance with sections 55, and 56 of the Indian Railway Act of 1890, Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-DAY, THURSDAY, the 3rd January, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot at Wadi Bunder, the following consisting of Unclaimed Goods and Sweepings such as bags of cotton seeds, bags of wheat, bags of linseed, bags of paddy, bags of g'nut seed, bags of castor seed, bags of juwari, bags of rice, bags of toor, bags of musoor, bags of birda, loose wooden logs, 2 packages of sewing machines, empty cases, bundles of gunny bags, bundles of jogree, basket of bangles, tins of oil, bags of dry cocoanuts, bags of sweeping grain, etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the goods to be taken delivery of within four days from the date of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON FRIDAY THE 4TH INSTANT AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO DENTAL SURGEON AND DEALERS.

On FRIDAY, the 4th instant at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., are instructed to sell by public auction at their rooms at 25 Medows Street Fort, just opposite the Military Square Lane by order of the Executors of the Estate of the late Dr. H. De Graaf the following goods consisting of dental accessories, furniture such as dental pump chair, dental engine, spittoon, cash boxes, wall clocks, tooth forceps, crown splitting plugger force mouth jag, mouth mirrors, right angle attachment for engine, lances, excavator, seals for teeth, engine discs, buff polishers, scales and weights, sterilizer, hypodermic syringes, human skull, metal shengshners, electric table fan, large dental sign board, sun frame, sharp crown outfit complete, mouth trays, vulcanizer complete, driving wheels, lathe head, saws, scissors brass articulators pioneers, vulcanize packers, scraper, small ennils, tapestry lined drawing rooms suites of sofas and chairs, dinning tables, chairs, folden screens, tapestry door curtains, China flower posts with stands tables pictures, mirror and panel door almirahs bookcases, etc., etc.

The above goods are on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 86 CASES OR BALES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

On SATURDAY the 5th January 1918 at 4 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Sha Reshavlal Nagindas:—

20 Cases or Bales each 50 Pieces White Shirtings No. 152 or others and 40 yards.
19 Cases or Bales each 50 Pieces White Shirtings No. 153 or others and 40 yards.
18 Cases or Bales each 50 Pieces White Shirtings No. 154 or others and 40 yards.
16 Cases or Bales each 50 Pieces White Shirtings No. 155 or others and 40 yards.
13 Cases or Bales each 50 Pieces White Shirtings No. 158 or others and 40 yards.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd Jan. 1918.

GANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
No. 52 Medows Street.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Good opportunity to Nobility, Private Gentlemen and Diamond Merchants.

SALE OF A DIAMOND, weighing about 19½ Rutties.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, this day, [illegible] (S. T.), on the 3rd January, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, by order of a private gentleman

1 Diamond Brilliant weighing about 19½ rutties. The above is on view.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd January 1917.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly allowance from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

'The
Silk you have been
admiring'

(1)
'YOUR TASTE'
(2)
'YOUR STYLE'
(3)
'YOUR FASHION'

These have been our Special and Careful Study for years.

'The Silk' you have been 'admiring' is available

—ONLY—

AT—

AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHOW OF
TOYS & XMAS PRESENTATION GOODS.
WHERE?
AT
JAPANESE FINE ARTS,
NEXT TO NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA.
COME ONE & COME ALL.

SALE BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3409.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS, PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS AND INVESTORS.

Offers are invited for a valuable landed property situated in the best business locality fetching at present about Rs. 1,200 monthly with further best future propects.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF A LOT OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES.

By order of the Embarkation Store Officer, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, on SATURDAY, the 5th day of January, 1918 at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder:

A lot of unserviceable stores, comprising of Old gunny bags, bottles, casks, charred oil barrels, barrel staves, crates, packing cases, cans and tins, galvanized iron drums, kerosine oil tins, hoop iron, jars, [illegible] tin cuttings, canvas cuttings, canvas bags, etc., etc.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down and the lots will have to be removed within [illegible] days from the date of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT WELLINGTON STREET MAHOBI TALAO.

Under instructions from the Executors and Executrix of the estate of the late Mr. Pestonji Manekji Poonjiaji Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of January, 1918, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by public auction on the premises the under mentioned property belonging to the late Mr. Pestonji Manekji Poonjiaji.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax redeemed tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereupon being one compartment of a chawl or range of buildings consisting of five compartments, all which premises are situate lying and being at and on the Eastern side of Wellington Street, Dhobi Talao, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement sixty two square yards and two-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collectors of Bombay under old No. 277, New No. 3318, Old Survey No. 1/10 and New Survey No. 3355 and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Cawasji Bhimji Jasoona, on or towards the West by the said Wellington Street on or towards the South by the adjoining compartment of the chawl belonging to Sorabji Cawasji Mistri and on or towards the North by a sweepers' passage which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "I" Ward No. 3331 and Street No. 20, and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said executors and executrix of the said Pestonji Manekji Poonjiaji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, applications may be made to the Solicitors, Attorneys, Messrs. Kanga & Sorabji at their Office situate at Alice Building, Hornby Road Fort or to the undersigned.

S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd Jan. 1918.

TURKO ROMAN BATH,
WITH MASSAGE AND VIBRATORY MASSAGE.
Separate arrangement for Ladies.
Restorer and Preserver of
HEALTH, STRENGHT AND BEAUTY.
Highly appreciated by the medical world.
Open 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays as exceptions.
Chambers: 303, Hornby Road, Bombay
Opp. Whiteaway Laidlow & Co's Dep.

CONSUMPTION
CURED
by
INDIAN HERBS

Eminent Government Official writes 22nd December:—
"Personally I have every faith in your treatment and the case of my daughter is my proof."

Another Official writes:—
"It is due to your medicine that I can stand the severe strain of my work."

M. S. Doctor reports successful results. Another says: "Miraculous" another promises to recommend my treatment. Recent successes in Bombay Presidency.

Eminent Bombay Specialist says:—"Incurable."

Yet in 3 months of my treatment patient is almost cured.

Eminent Bombay Doctor says:—
"Cannot live three weeks." Yet after two weeks of my treatment she has gained so much health and strength that she can sit in a chair and even walk.

Names and Addresses willingly given.

Another reports 8 lbs. increase in 1 month, another 4 lbs. in 1 week, another Chronic Diarrhœa stopped in 10 days. Another ill 15 years. Rises on 9 lbs. in 2 months.

Colonel declares she is almost well. She has had Pneumonia 3 times and double pneumonia once.

MANY OTHER SUCCESSES.

Free Consultations, at Mrs. King, opposite Targorevala, Medows Street, January 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Hours: 7 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 3 p.m. to 9 p.m.

Write for proofs of my success.

I am the only man in the world, who can prove that he has cured "Hopeless" cases. I have convinced Doctors and Government Officials.

REV. G. R. WALTERS,
M. R. A. S., L. D., B. A., T. C. D.
Alliance House,
LONAVLA.

WE MANUFACTURE
FINE WHITE
THYMOL B. P.
Quotation on Request.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
Bombay No. 4.

ENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

...d," "To be Let," and "For Sale" ...ements, when not strictly apper... to any regular business, are charged ...e following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word 1 anna.

Advertisements are not received after 3 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines. Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per ...or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,

"Bombay Chronicle." Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Payable Strictly in Advance.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly ..	„ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly ..	„ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	„ 3-0	„ 3-8
Single Copy	TWO Annas.	

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0
Single Copy	ONE Anna.	

All subscriptions commence on and from the 1st or 15th day of the month; broken periods preceding the subscription date are counted at 2 annas per copy.

Monthly Subscribers should send their Subscription in advance, regularly, to maintain continuous supply.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

BEST BRITISH MAKE CARIBONUM ribbons and Carbon papers, and all TYPEWRITER & DUPLICATOR supplies. Typecopying work done neatly and accurately. Typewriter Repairs a speciality. CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO. 3

EDUCATIONAL.

DAILY FRENCH CLASSES for all Standards. St. IV and V Rs. 3; St. VI and VII Rs. 5. Efficient preparation in French for the coming March Matriculation and April Cambridge Locals. Beginners in French can thoroughly make up the course in one year for the following examinations:—Bombay and London Matriculations, and Cambridge Locals. Also Correspondence in French and English. Write to Mr. KANGA, Forjett Street, Tardeo. 1582

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH LADY AS GOVERNESS to take care of three children, aged 9, 8 and 6. Apply with testimonials stating age and expected pay to PRIVATE SECRETARY to H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot, (Kathiawar). 1558

WANTED by a respectable high caste GUJARATI HINDU YOUTH, 2 or 3 ROOMS at moderate rent as a SUB-TENANT of a family of same caste, occupying flats or blocks. Kindly write to Box No. 591, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1579

WANTED for a leading Hotel of India. ONE EUROPEAN DINING ROOM SUPERINTENDENT, ONE EUROPEAN KITCHEN SOU-CHEF, TWO HAIRDRESSERS, all with first class experience. Applicants are requested to send their offers with full particulars and photo, stating salary desired to Box No. 592, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1580

WANTED—AN ENGLISH SPEAKING CLERK with previous experience in Brigade or Regimental Office to superintend Returns Records, and Files of Indian Infantry Depot. Pay Rs. 35—5—40 per mensem to suitable man. Apply forwarding testimonials, etc., to ADJUTANT DEPOT, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, Belgaum 1177

WANTED for an Indian Army Depot a PAY CLERK with previous experience in Departmental or Regimental Offices. Pay Rs. 30-5-40 to suitable man. Apply forwarding testimonials, etc., to Adjutant Depot, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, Belgaum. 1245

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY—A STENO TYPIST with thorough English qualifications who can take notes at great speed. Salary Rs. 400 according to qualifications. Apply with photograph stating number of words per minute to PRIVATE SECRETARY to His Highness Sri Maharaj Deo of Alwar. 1434

WANTED.

WANTED—A NICE BUNGALOW or a FLAT with four bedrooms and a drawing room and servants quarters, for Moslem family observing pardah. Healthy locality. Communicate with VALI MAHOMMED MOMIN, C/o Dighe Nassir building, near Churni Road, Bombay. 1559

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—JAIPUR and MIRZAPUR CARPETS of all sizes and tastes in retail at factory prices by MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort.

TO BE LET

TO LET—STABLES for Carriage and horse at Jaipal Terrace, Tardeo and Club Road, Byculla. Apply MANAGER TENT FACTORY, Tardeo. 1549

TO LET—FLATS, GROUND FLOOR and FIRST FLOOR at Rebsch Street, Club Road, Byculla, from 1st February, 1918. Apply MANAGER, TENT FACTORY, Tardeo. 1548

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to 125 Rooms can be furnished and arrangemen for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

Grants Buildings, and Kamal Mansions. Situated in Colaba, Bombay.

TWO BLOCKS of huge buildings one five and the other five stories high, consisting of over one hundred spacious flats with electric fittings.

1. Area 7,750 square yards.
2. Tenure lease-hold in perpetuity at a permanent charge of Rs. 100 per year.
3. Rent realised at present is over Rs. 5,500 per mensem.

OPEN TO OFFERS.

Offers will be received by the undersigned till 15th January, 1918.

For full particulars apply to

G. AHMED KHAN,
Superintendent, Court of Wards,
H. H. the Nizam's Government,
933 HYDERABAD, DECCAN

THE CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT ACT 1898.

NOTIFICATION OF ALTERATION OF A STREET SCHEME.

PAREL ROAD (CENTRAL) STREET SCHEME.

SCHEME No. 43.

WHEREAS a Notification of a Street Scheme made by the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay (being Scheme 43) was duly published under the provisions of the above Act in the "Government Gazettes" of 23rd April 1914, 30th April 1914 and 7th May 1914.

And whereas the said Trustees applied to Government for sanction to the said Scheme, such application being accompanied by (*inter alia*) a statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired therefor and a schedule showing the rateable value of the same in accordance with the provisions of Sections 28 and 32 of the said Act.

And whereas the sanction of Government to the said Scheme was accorded and was communicated to the said Trustees by the Government Resolution (General Department) No. 2670, dated 12th April, 1916.

And whereas it appears to the said Trustees that an improvement can be made in divers parts of the said Scheme, and the said Trustees have altered the part of the said Scheme for the purpose of making such improvement.

And whereas the said Scheme as now altered involves the acquisition otherwise than by agreement of certain land other than that specified in the aforesaid Schedule as proposed to be acquired for the purpose of the said Scheme. NOW IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED pursuant to Sections 27 (1), 29 (2) (c) and 32 of the said Act, that the Scheme has been so altered in divers parts are situate in the Municipal Wards B and C, Umerkhadi and Khara Talao Sections, respectively, of the said City and that an altered Scheme has been made by the said Trustees. The limits of the areas comprised in the portions of the Scheme so altered are as follows:—

As to the portion in B Ward (marked with the letter "I" on plan):—

On the West—Parel Road (Bhendy Bazar).
On the North—A Mosque bearing Ward No. 2335 (1 and 2).
On the East—Piru Lane and land of the Municipal Corporation of the said City bearing Ward No. 2313.
On the South—Property of the said Trustees bearing Ward No. 2280.

As to the portion in C Ward (marked with the letters "A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", "G" and "H" on the plan):—

On the West—Dharamsey Street, Dharamsey Cross Street and Guzal Street.
On the North—Properties bearing Ward Nos. 7996, 7997 and 6948 and Agiary Lane (Bhendy Bazar).
On the East—Guzar Street and property belonging to Ramchandra Krishnaji Bhojne and others, bearing Ward Nos. 8070 (1) and 8070 (2) and Dharamsey Street.
On the South—Property belonging to the said Ramchandra Krishnaji Bhojne and others, bearing Ward Nos. 8011 and property bearing Ward No. 8069, 8066 and 8067 (1).

The Office of the said Trustees at the Esplanade Road within the Fort of Bombay is the place where particulars of the said Scheme so altered, a Map (Plan No. 246, dated 1st December, 1917) of the area comprised in the section containing the altered part of the Scheme (such area being delineated on the said Map and thereon enclosed in a red verge line) and a Statement specifying the additional land proposed to be acquired, may be seen at all reasonable hours.

The Additional lands now proposed to be acquired, are distinguished on the said Map by the colour yellow and are thereon marked with capital letters running consecutively from "A" to "I" as aforesaid.

J. P. ORR,
Chairman.

15th December, 1917. 1412

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LAWN TENNIS.

WESTERN INDIA CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENTS POSTPONED.

OWING to unavoidable circumstances the Western India Lawn Tennis Championship have been POSTPONED and will be held from 9th Feb. to 22nd February, instead of from 19th January to 1st February. 1581

NOTICE

FOR SALE IN HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S DOMINIONS.

ABOUT one hundred acres of excellent land a few yards from the Daulatabad Railway Station on the Metre Gauge Railway, comprising a garden, a house and seven wells in good condition.

The climate and soil are suitable for fruit culture.

Aurangabad and Daulatabad grapes, oranges and other fruits are well known throughout India.

The produce of third land commands several markets for instance Hyderabad, Aurangabad, Bombay and Poona.

The garden contains the following trees in good condition. Income about one thousand rupees per annum.

Orange trees	130
Guava trees	300
Graft Mango trees	50
Seed Mango trees	2
Pomegranate trees	75
Fig trees	2
Tamarind trees	2
Custard Apple Trees	50
Ber Fruit Trees (which can be grafted)	100
Ber fruit graft trees	2
Babool trees	5
Reetha (soap-nut) tree	2

The property will be sold to the highest bid over Rs. 20,000/- received by the 24th February, 1918

(Sd) G. AHMED KHAN,
Superintendent, Court of Wards,
1509 H. H. the Nizam's Government.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI DOST MAHOMED bin GULAM RASSOOL and MAHOMED bin GULAM RASSOOL, both of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitants have contracted to sell the property hereinafter described, to our client Issaji Vallijee Currimbhoy Jalalbhoy. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All those pieces or parcels of land of Foras Tenure containing by admeasurement 3,225 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 201, 202, New No. 13725, Old Survey No. 397 and New Survey No. 3443, together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward Nos. 7712 (1), 7712 (2), 7712 (3), 7712 (4), 7712 (5), 7712 (6) and 7712 (7) Street Nos. 47—1—2—3—4—5—6 all which premises are situate at and on the East side of De Lisle Road, at Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on the East by G. I. P. Railway Line, on the West by De Lisle Road, on the North by the property of Dagdoo Vithaji Khande and on the South by the property of Mr. Khambata and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 22nd day of December, 1917.

VACHHA & CO.,
1504 Purchaser's Attorneys.

AMUSEMENTS.

WANTED CINEMA LOVERS

to note that we are prepared to undertake private Cinema entertainment in any part of Bombay in a place fitted with electric installation, at Moderate Charges.

All inquiries should be addressed to the

Proprietor,
IMPERIAL CINEMA,
1476 Lamington Road.

ELDORADO

CINEMA.
Lamington Road, North.

To-Night! ***To-Night!***

FIRST THREE EPISODES OF OUR GREAT "ACTION" SERIAL:

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AMERICAN GIRL

Packed with thrills, dare-devil flirtations with death, blood-curdling action. It makes the most hardened "fan" gasp with its

SPEED-PEP-AND PUNCH.

Also showing

FATTY'S PLUCKY PUP,

Keystone Comedy in Two Parts.

3 Shows Nightly at 7-0, 8-45 & 10-30.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT'S
THE GALA NIGHT!
AT 6-30 **Gaiety Theatre** AT 10 p.m.

PALACE

OF VARIETIES

Grand New Production

Smilestones
Smilestones
Smilestones

MUSIC, MIRTH AND SONG

A LAUGH FOR EVERY SECOND.

FULL COMPANY
OF
TALENTED ARTISTS.

SEE THE SALE AT "RIGHTAWAYS" CAST

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MANAGER

EILEEN MELBOURNE
LADY FROM BYCULLA

SHOP ASSISTANTS

ROSY & PEGGY CASTELLO, LAURA DIAMOND ETC.

In Addition

Our Special Local Topical film

NEW YEAR'S PARADE
SEE
The Arrival of H. E. The Viceroy Their Excellencies Lord and Lady WILLINGDON
H. E. The Viceroy Presenting MEDALS.
THE MARCH PAST etc. etc.

FOLLOW THE CROWD

TO-NIGHT TO THE GAIETY at 6-30 & 10 pm.

Thursday Next 10th Jan.
THE NEW GAIETY BURLESQUE.
ALI BABA AND THE FORTY THIEVES

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

Home of Celebrities.

Present More Sights from the Stupendous Repertoire of the

FILLIS' CIRCUS & WILD WEST SHOW

TWICE DAILY AT 5 AND 9-30 P.M.

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Initial Production of the
WILD WEST DRAMA
Entitled
FOR THE LOVE OF A COWBOY

Vivid Scenes of Prairie Life in 3 Parts.
Introducing the intelligent Animals
PRINCE, the highly trained horse and SAM, the sagacious dog.

The tactful and patient training of Col. Fillis is here displayed in its highest stability.

50 COWBOYS RED INDIANS? 50
In number. In number.
COWGIRLS, HURRICANE RIDERS
Taking part in the production on the stage
REALISTIC SCENES, EXCITING MOMENTS,
DARE DEVIL HOLD UPS.

Make a point of seeing this Spectacle. A sight to be seen in a lifetime.

SPECIAL REDUCED PRICED MATINEES
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 5 P. M.

PRICES: Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Re. 1 and Ans. 8 only.

DON'T FORGET.
ONLY TWO PERFORMANCES.
TAKE YOUR CHANCE.

Reduced Prices:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and Ans. 8.
Children half prices to Matinees.
Menagerie on view daily, from 9 to 4.
Booking at Rose & Co.'s from 10 to 6.
Booking at the Theatre from 9 to 1 and 4 to 6.
NO CINEMA TO-DAY AS THE CIRCUS MATINEE IS ON.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSI

EVERY EVENING AT 6-30 P. M.
3 EPISODES THIS WEEK of the Wonde
"THE SHIELDING SHADOW

REMEMBER!
SATURDAY JANUARY 5th
THE
"MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CR
AT
IMPERIAL

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.
LAMINGTON ROAD.
To-night.
THE YOUNGEST STAR OF THE CINEMA WORLD.
BABY MARIE OSBORNE IN "SUNSHINE AND GO
A Gold Rooster Play in 5 Acts.
A Film of Unique Interest, Charm and Beauty.
Bring your Kids along and do not miss this Treat.
"WIFFLES MAKES A MUDDLE OF IT" Co
PATHE GAZETTE Latest.
"FAIRY IRIS" Magic-Coloured.
TIME: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. daily.
Matinee every Saturday and Sunday 5 p.m.
POPULAR PRICES.
Balcony seats 1-8 each.
Special Family Complete Boxes to seat 4 at Rs. 8. each.
N.B.—We have lately filled up our Balcony with spacious closed Boxes for F
The best accommodation for Purdha Ladies.

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TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
MAURICE E. BANDMAN presents the
BANDMAN
OPERA COMPANY
In a repertoire of the Latest London Success
TO-DAY THURSDAY 3RD
"THE BETTER 'OLE"
CAPT. BRUCE BAIRNSFATHER'S MUSICAL WAR COMEDY.
PRICES AS USUAL.
Plan open at Rose & Co., After 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

THE EMPIRE

To-day at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
ANOTHER FINE
GOLD ROOSTER
A Beautiful Star in a Great Photoplay
MOLLIE KING
MOLLIE KING

MOLLY KING
PATHE' STAR
IN
BLIND MAN'S LUCK
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A fast action Play of 20th Century Smugglers and the Long Arm of the Law.

Better than "Kick In" and by the same Producer.

The Beautiful Young Heroine
MOLLIE KING
in a Magnificent Story and Atmosphere of Mystery

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Decaying and distorted teeth retention of food debris, in which MALIGNANT MICRO-ORGANIS LOF, and, cause slow bacterial po fecting the system generally.
Irritation produced by diseased gums is frequently the origin of disturbances, affections of the ey headache, neuralgia, especially i Some forms of insanity have also to conditions associated with di and unhealthy gums.
THEREFORE
KEEP YOUR TEETH IN O
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Rs. 4
Will Bring You One Beautiful
32 BRASS TO
As Cheap As Charmi
These toys are generally much ed by everybody for their cheapr liancy and excellency, and are suitable for children as their pla instructive organs.
Each Family Should Have A S
Order from:—
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One second-hand Argyll Car, 4 cylinder, Buick body, Magneto, Zenith carb Thoroughly overhauled. I running order.
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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Municipal Standing Committee meeting 2 p.m. (B. T.).
Special Meeting of Board of City, Improvement Trust, 3-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, Jan. 4.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

MONDAY, Jan. 7.

Exemption Tribunal, Town Hall.

THURSDAY, Jan. 10.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Dhanushkodi and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.
Mails for B. A. E Force Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Miss Tarabai's Circus. 9-30 p.m,
Fillis Circus at Royal Opera House, 5 p.m. and 9-30 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30 p.m.
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varites: X'mas Pantomime Aladdin 6-30 and 10 p.m., Gaiety Theatre.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-30.
New Alexandra Cinema:, Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.
West End Cinema: Charni Road: 5-30, 7-0 8-45 and 10-15.
Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45 8-30 and 10-0.
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-45, 9-0 and 10-45.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 0	14 20
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore) ..	15 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ..	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Poona Express	19 40	7 53

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure time from Colaba:—

	BOMBAY Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	11 35	17 0
Gujrat Mail	8 15	21 0
Cathkawar 3rd Class Express ..	7 40	21 12

Domestic Occurrence.

MARRIAGE ENGAGEMENT AT BANDRA.

On December 31st, 1917, Miss Mary Elizabeth Clementino Coelho to Mr. Mick Arthur Valladares (Sganarelle) of Wallace and Co., Upper Mahim.

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D, and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Regiment will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Mr. K. J. B. Wadia conduct a study class will in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (72, Apollo Street, Fort) this evening at 6 p.m. (S. T.). Subject:—"Aspects of Theosophy".

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

The "Mrs. Curtis Prize" of Rs. 20 will be awarded at the annual gathering of the Aryan Excelsior League for the best essay in English on "Education of Women and its necessity to the Rising Generation" by a female student. The essays should be sent to the Hon. Gen. Secretary, A. E. League, 24 Lukhmi Building, Bombay No. 4, on or before the 20th instant with the full name, age, address and school or college of the competitor.

A STREET FATALITY.

Mr. A. R. King, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court yesterday touching the death of Annapurnabai Dikshit, aged thirty years, wife of Mr. Mahadeo M. Dikshit. It appeared that deceased and her brother were walking along Bhendy Bazaar Road, on Tuesday. They were next crossing the road, the deceased following him, when a tram car came up and the deceased stepped back. At that time a carriage occupied by Abdul Kayum Hussenally, and driven by one Lallu Bhura, came up and the horse knocked her down and the right wheels passed over her. She was picked up and removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital where she died on Tuesday evening. Witness deposed that the carriage was on the proper side of the road and was being driven at an ordinary pace and that the driver stopped the horse after going a little way.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

An entirely new programme of music, mirth and songs commences at the Palace of Varieties to-night, when a new production entitled "Smilestone" will be staged by the talented company of Gaiety artistes under Mr. Tom Melbourne. There is fun and plenty of it in this new piece. Tom Melbourne, who has proved the life and soul of all the latest pantomimes and revues at the Palace of Varieties, will play the part of manager of the "Rightaways." He "keeps smilling" and more, it does not take long before the audience catches something of his enthusiasm and keeps smiling throughout the performance. Rosie Castello, who achieved a remarkable success as "Aladin" last week will appear in the new piece as a "shop assistant," and so will Peggy Castello, whose dancing has been a feature of the recent performances, and Laura Diamond who also appeared with great success in last week's pantomime. Eileen Melbourne, whose clever acting as "Mrs. Twanky" was a great factor in the success of "Aladin," will appear as "a lady from Byculla" in the new piecefi and Mr. J. Wilson, whose step dances are much admired and who made a fine "Emperor of China" last week, will appear this week as "assistant manager" of "the Rightaways."

A special film taken of the New Year's Parade on the Oval will be screened this week and among the scenes that will be depicted are the arrival of H. E. the Viceroy, H. E. the Governor and General Knight, and the ceremony of presenting medals and the March Past, etc.

QUEEN MARY'S TECHNICAL SCHOOL.

REPORT OF PROGRESS.

A meeting of the Committee of the Queen Mary's Technical School for Indian Soldiers (Disabled) was held last week, Her Excellency the Lady Willingdon, C.I., presided. The following members were present:—Col. D. J. Collins, R.A.M.C.; Col. J. S. Wardlaw Milne; Col. T. W. Bonner; The Hon. Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta; Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy Bart.; Mr. E. G. Pearson; Mr. A. Turner Laing; Mr. E. F. Lance; Mr. E. P. Newnham.

Major L. Hirsch, I.M.S., Commanding War Hospital, Marine Lines, the Honorary Superintendent, made the following report:—

The School was formally opened on the 16th May, 1917, with 25 pupils and has made steady progress, there now being 100 pupils on the Registers of the School as follows:—

In the Tailoring Department, 26; Hosiery making on hand Machines, 5; Poultry Farming, 2; Carpentry, 1; Agriculture, 3; Motor Car driving, 11; Oil Engine driving, 36; Workshop—Fitters and Turners, 14; Cinema Operators, 2; Total, 100.

200 Uniforms were completed for the Army Clothing Factory, Bombay, by the men undergoing instruction and a contract for 200 more Uniforms has been made. His Highness the Raja of Dhar sent two of his men to undergo a course of Poultry Farming. They left the School on completion of their training. A Cinema film showing the various Departments working has now been almost completed and will shortly be on Exhibition throughout India, beginning with Bombay.

Major L. Hirsch, I.M.S., expressed his gratitude and thanks to Captain S. G. Ranaday, I.M.S., of the War Hospital, Marine Lines, for his invaluable help and assistance in the work of the School, to Mr. A. Turner Laing for his assistance in erecting the Workshop and the Machinery in connection with it and to Mr. R. C. Porter of Messrs. Greaves Cotton, for very good work in an honorary capacity in training the men in the Oil Engine class.

The work of the School and office has very largely increased in all directions.

The following officers were elected with power to add to their number in charge of each Technical Department:—

Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.—Mr. E. G. Pearson.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman.—Colonel J. S. Wardlaw Milne; Members.—Mr. E. G. Pearson; Colonel T. W. Bonner in charge of Workshop; Mr. A. Turner Laing in chargo of Motor Car training; Major L. Hirsch, I.M.S., Ex-officio.

Honorary Assistant Superintendent, Captain, S. G. Ranaday, I.M.S., War Hospital, Marine Lines.

Her Excellency proposed a vote of thanks to the Honorary Superintendent, Major L. Hirsch, I.M.S., for all the work he had done, seconded by Col. D. J. Collins, R.A.M.C., Assistant Director, Medical Service, Bombay Brigade.

Mr. E. F. Lance proposed a vote of thanks to her Excellency for presiding at the Meeting, seconded by Major L. Hirsch, I.M.S., and were carried unanimously.

It is not only men who have lost their limbs are eligible for admission to the school but any combatant or follower of the Indian Army of Imperial Service Troops who has been invalided as being unfit for further Military service from any cause, whatsoever. Applications for admissions may be sent direct to the Honorary Superintendent or to the Officer Commanding the applicant's unit. Railway fares, food, accommodation clothing and instruction are provided free by the School. The course of instruction in the School varies from 6 months to 18 months according to the industry taken up. On completion of the course the candidates are examined by Experts of their Departments, diplomas are granted to the successful men and employment found for them. An invalided man who has passed his examination can supplement his pension by earning anything from Rs. 25 to Rs. 100 per mensem. Married quarters have now been built and Railway fares and food are provided free to families of any of the men undergoing instruction who wish to bring them to Bombay.

OPIUM SMUGGLER GETS TWO MONTHS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Sub-Inspector Kokobad Naoroji of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Police charged one Abdul Kader with importing ten lbs. of opium without a permit into Bombay by the Northern Express on Tuesday. The accused was convicted and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

MILLHAND TURNS PICKPOCKET.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Sub-Inspector Kokobad Naoroji charged Ambo Kamlia, a mill-hand, with the theft of a purse containing Rs. 86 from the pocket of one Bhicu Passo, who was purchasing a railway ticket at the Mahaluxmi station. The accused was convicted and as he had one previous conviction, he was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION AND RAJKOT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The University of Bombay has cancelled Rajkot as centre for the Matriculation Examination from this year on account of the heavy expense. The long felt want of Rajkot as University centre has again become pronounced and the Vankaner state has thereupon requested the Senate to accept Rs. 1,000 annually from it and to make Vankaner a centre for the Matriculation Examination. It cannot be gainsaid that Rajkot is the centre of Kathiawar and that Rajkot ought to be the Centre for Matriculation Examination. It will be much better if the Chiefs of Kathiawar contribute a small sum annually and if Vankaner State takes the lead in it. If this suggestion is no agreeable either to the Senate or to the States in Kathiawar an increase of two rupees in the Examination fees will fetch a handsome sum to meet the expenses and the students will willingly pay this enhanced fee rather than suffer the hardships of a journey to Ahmedabad and a greater loss of money.—Yours, etc.,

NAVALCHAND T. SHAH.

Bombay, 2nd January, 1918.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTICE.

From the first instant multiple address telegrams for places in the Philippines except Manila are not accepted.

The formal opening of the Quilon-Trivandrum Railway extension took place on the 1st instant. The first train to run consisted of twelve bogie carriages, all of which were full.

The funeral took place to-day of Dr. W. C. Horsack, Port Health Officer Calcutta whose death occurred suddenly at the Bengal United Service Club of which he was Hon. Secretary, on New Year's Day.

INDIANS AND THE CIVIL SERVICE.

SOME FACTS AND FIGURES.

It was stated, in reply to a question put in the Imperial Legislative Council in January, 1914, that the number of "natives of India," as the term is used in Article 37 of the Civil Service Regulations, who had up to that date passed the Indian Civil Service examination since it was thrown open to competition was 94, of whom all but three bore Indian names.

Between the years 1863, when the first success was achieved at the open competition, and 1892, twenty-five Indians obtained appointments, of whom two were Mahomedans, two Madrasis, three Bombay Hindus, three Parsees, and fifteen Bengalis. The pioneer was the late Mr. Satyendranath Tagore, elder brother of Sir Rabindranath Tagore, who passed in 1863, and served in Bombay from 1864 to 1897. Three Indians, all Bengalis, were successful in 1879—Mr. Romesh Dutt (who stood second at the final examination), Mr. Behari Lal Gupta, and Mr. Surendranath Banerjea, of whom the last only survives. Mr. Sripad Babaji Thakur, a Mahratta Brahman, and Mr. Anandaram Barooah, an Assamese Hindu, passed in 1870: both are dead. Sir Krishna Gupta was successful in 1871.

Six Indians obtained appointments in 1893, among them being Mr A. Yusuf Ali; and in 1898 the number rose to eight, of whom five were Bengalis. Four passed in 1899 and 1901, and three in 1896 and 1904. Two were successful in 1897, 1900, 1902, and 1903; and one only in 1893 and 1895.

The following 48 Indian gentlemen were successful at the Indian Civil Service Examination from 1905 onwards:

1905.—Vinayak Nandshankar Mehta (United Provinces), Sankara Balaji Dhavle (Behar and Orissa), Birendranath Dé (Central Provinces). Joseph Nissim (Bombay).

1906.—Mahadeva Vishnu Bhide (Punjab), Arunachala Tyaga Rajan (Burma), Panna Lal (United Provinces).

1907.—Ardeshir Rustomji Dalal (Bombay), Dhirajlal Dayabhai Nanavati (Burma), Probodh Chandra Dé (Bengal), John Ratnam Krishnamma (Madras).

1908.—Nowroji Jehanghir Wadia (Bombay), Jagannath Laxman Sathé (United Provinces), Janardan Atmaram Madan (Bombay).

1909.—Benegal Narasingha Rau (Bengal).

1910.—Waris Ameer Ali (United Provinces).

1911.—Sonti Venkata Ramamurti (Madras), Gurunath Venkatesh Bewoor (Central Provinces), Hiranand Khushiram Kirpalani (Bombay).

1912.—Birendra Kumar Basu (Bengal), Benegal Rama Rau (Madras), Satyendranath Roy (Bengal), Edmund Rodrigo, Ram Chandra (Punjab), Yeshwant Anant Godbole (Behar and Orissa), Shri Shridhara Nehru (United Provinces), Kshittish Chandra Sen (Bombay).

1913.—K. P. Padmanabha Pillai (Madras), Pheroze Merwan Khareghat (United Provinces).

1914.—Hassamal Baharmal Shivdasani (Bombay), Nanalal Chamanlal Mehta (United Provinces), Girija Shankar Bajpai (United Provinces), Shankar Pandurang Desai (Bengal), Vithal Shivaram Bhide (Burma), Sudhindra Kumar Haldar (Bombay), Bhalchandra Krishna Gokhale (Behar and Orissa).

1915.—Shivlal Panachand Shah (United Provinces), Nenumal Pohoomal Thadani (Behar and Orissa), Satyendranath Modak (Bengal).

1916.—Chandulal Madhavlal Trivedi (Bengal), Subramanhya Ranganathan (Madras), Shrimukhrao Laxmilal Mehta (Bengal), Chhotalal Khushaldas Desai (Bengal), Jnanankur Dé (Bengal).

1917.—David Ezra Reuben (Behar and Orissa), Satyendranath Gupta (Bengal), Pendyala Suryanarayana Rau (Upper Provinces), Balkrishna Vasudeo Bhadkamkar (Burma).

The number of Indians who sat for the examination each year is as follows:—1906, 18; 1907, 24; 1908, 18; 1909, 20; 1910, 19; 1911, 27; 1912, 29; 1913, 25; 1914, 24; 1915, 22; 1916, 20; 1917, 25.

In June, 1915, it appeared from the thirty-first quarterly combined civil list for the whole of India, issued by the "Pioneer" Press at Allahabad, that of the 1,365 members of the Covenanted Civil Service then on duty in India, 58 were Indians. The percentage, therefore, of Indians to Europeans was at that time 5 to 95. There were twelve Indian members of the Civil Service in the Bengal Presidency, eleven each in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies and the United Provinces, four each in the Punjab and the Central Provinces, three in Behar and Orissa, two in Burma, and none in Assam and the North-West Frontier Province.—"India."

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 2.

First day that the market was opened after Christmas holidays did not lend itself to much activity since coal shares were not in demand and the jute mill shares although steady at the opening of the market were not dealt in to any great extent and in absence of inquiry prices ruled somewhat easier. Miscellaneous section was well supported, a fairly large turnover taking place in these shares. Following sales took place:—

Coal:— Bhuskajuri 13-12, 14-2; Kuardi 15-12; Northern 11-4; Phuiaritand 10 4, 10-8; Raneegunge 36-4.

Jute:—Albion (ord) 642; Alliance (ord) 505, 510; Barnagore (ord) 137, 138, 139 12; Budge Budge (ord) 458; Clive (ord) 193-8 190, 185; Fort William (ord) 261; Howrah (new) 37-12; Hooghly (ord) 67, 66-8, 6578; Kamarhatty (ord) 437, 439, 436, 432; Kamarhatty (ord) 526; Kelvin (ord) 618, 620, 616; Lawrence (ord) 440; Lansdowne (pref) 107, 108; Naihati (ord) 430; Northbroo (ord) 42, 42-8; 41-12, 41-8; Orient (ord) par; Reliance (new) 35-12, 36; Union (ord) 613 to 622.

Tea:—Dhunseri (fully paid) par;

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone (ord) 141, 142 odd lot; Bengal Flour (ord) 240; Bengal Aerating Gas 181; Bovreah Cotton (ord) 260, 261-8; Carew and Co., 115, 116; Darjeeling Himalayan Railway (pref) 88, 89; Eastern Bank 67, 68; Port William Flour 26 12, 27; Kalyanpur Lime 13-8, 14; Ryam Sugar 17-4; Reliance Fire Brick Pottery 15-8 to 16; Surma Valley Saw Mills 18-8 Steel Products 33-4 p; Sutna Stone Lime 275, 276-8; Tata Industrial Bank 1-8 to 2-8 p; Titachur Paper (ord) 272, 273; Malakoff 4.45 Moulmein 16-12; New Serandah 4.85; Pajam (new) 13,75; Sendal 8.10.

Government paper three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 69 to 69-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 69-8 to 69-10.

ELDERLY WIFE.

JUDGE ON UNHAPPY LIFE WITH A SOLDIER.

Married only in January last, Mrs. Constance Maud Coleman, of the Rectory, Chipping Barnet, Herts, in mail week, asked Mr. Justice Horridge for a judicial separation on the ground of cruelty. The charge was denied.

Mrs. Coleman was 57 and a widow at the time of the marriage (although the marriage certificate said 51), and her husband, Mr. Francis Walter Coleman, 34.

Mr. Hume-Williams, K.C., for Mrs. Coleman, said she had £2,000 a year when she married Mr. Coleman, who had served in France. After the wedding they went to the Royal Hotel, Bristol. The very first night the husband, instead of going down to dinner, remained in his room drinking. From that time he led his wife an awful life.

Mrs. Coleman, describing some of the acts of cruelty she alleged against her husband, said he had bitten her shoulder, got hold of a very small piece of flesh and pinched it, and put the point of a sword against her neck, her forehead, and on the top of her head. This sword "playing about," Mrs. Coleman said, lasted an hour. One night, when he was "quite steady," he made her leave the library and go round the house with him, and hit her first on one ear and then the other and across the shoulders.

LARDER SCENE.

"In the larder," Mrs. Coleman said, "he made me sit down in a chair and said he was going to electrocute both of us. He asked me if I was prepared to die. I answered, 'Neither of us is.' I asked him to look at me. He would not. I asked him to kiss me. He would not. All the while he kept handling the electrical apparatus, which I thought was dangerous. After some time he said he would not murder me, and allowed me to get up. I thought my life was in danger, but I would not show it." Later the same night she thought she heard a groan, and, fearing that her husband had done something to himself, called three of the maids. Together they went to the library, where they found Mr. Coleman sitting in an armchair smoking. Subsequently in the bedroom he put a bullet in her neck and brow.

Mr. Bayford: What did he do then?—He told me to get into bed in my dressing-gown, saying that I should look better dead in my dressing-gown.

Mrs. Coleman also said her husband had dragged her "by the hand with his teeth," across the room and twisted her thumb. Then she left him.

Mr. W. O. Willis, in cross-examination: I think there was love on your side and on his?—I thought so.

She knew he was ill when he came back from France in 1916, but not that he was suffering from his nerves.

Do you know that a very little wine made him excited?—I think it did.

Mr. Justice Horridge: Supposing I do not see my way to grant a judicial separation, can these two people go on living together? Can't they agree to separate? It seems futile to try out the case. It is obvious that Mrs. Coleman married this man because he was young and she was comparatively an old woman, and I must regard the case from that point of view.

A consultation between the parties resulted in an announcement that terms had been arranged.—The "Daily Mail."

THE MICHAELMAS LAW EXAMINATIONS

SUCCESSFUL INDIAN CANDIDATES.

The following Indian and Burman candidates were successful at the Michaelmas examination of students of the Inns of Court held by the Council of Legal Education. L.I. means Lincoln's Inn, I.T. Inner Temple, M.T. Middle Temple, and G.I. Gray's Inn.:—

Final Examination.—Class II (in order of merit); Kamaldharee Lall, I.T. (1st); Aswini Kumar Chaudhuri (3rd). Class III (in alphabetical order); Raj Kumar Chatterjee, G.I.; Prabodh Chandra Ghosh, G.I.; Abu Bakr Ahmad Haleem, I.T.; Mahomed Yusuf Imam, M.T.; Syed Hasan Abid Jafry, G.I.; Mohammed Abdul Majid, M.T.; Kaikhushroo Pestonji Padshah, L.I.; Ponnambalam Cumaraswamy Villava Rayan, I.T.; Victor mmanuel Rajakariers, L.I.; Benovendra Nath Seal, L.I.; Chaudhri Mohamed Shujad-din, G.I.; Rustomji Pestonji Wallace, G.I. Examined 43, passed 30.

Roman Law.—Class II: Ram Krishna andoo, M.T.; Ram Chandra Fukret, I.T. Class III: Iktidar-ud-din hmad, I.T.; Krishna Chandra, M.T.; Jamtjee Kawasjee Dubash, I.T.; Wajahat Iussain, L.I.; Feroze Jeejeebhoy, G.I.; ankar Saran I.T.; Vithal Kashinathao hakur, G.I. Examined 40, passed 26.

Constitutional Law.—Class II: Kinkeke- Krishna Menon, M.T.; Kizhakkepat amunny Menon, I.T.; Maung Tun Phroo, T. Class III: Mohammad Anwar-ul zam, I.T.; Feroze Jeejeebhoy, G.I.; Saru otikasthira, I.T.; Devendra Nath Joshi, I.; Kirti Prakash Misra, I.T.; Wishwaathram Ramkrishnarao Pandit M.T.; ithal Kashinathrao Thakur, G.I. Examined 36, passed 26.

Criminal Law.—Class II: Kizhakkepat amunny Menon, I.T. Class III: Syed Amin-ud-din, G.I.; Surendra Nath Joshi, I.T.; Dev Prakash Kaura, G.I.; Jyotindra Sarkand Mehta, G.I.; Maung Tun Phroo, T.; Pendyala Satyanarayana Rao, G.I.; Maung Tin Toon, M.T. Examined 28, passed 21.

Hindu and Mahomedan Law.—Class II: am Narain Dhawan, G.I.; Wajahat Hussain, L.I. Class III: Sambhu Saran, I.T.; atakumalli Rosaiah Sastri, G.I. Examined passed 5.

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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

LEADING ARTICLES.	PAGE.
Back to First Principles	4
The Indian Synthesis	4
NOTES OF THE DAY	4
OPINIONS OF THE DAY	6
FOREIGN CABLES	
The War	5
INDIAN TELEGRAMS	3 & 6
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL.	
Queen Mary's Technical School	3
BOMBAY CITY AN SUBURBS	3
GENERAL NEWS.	
Supreme War Council	5
Moslem Reactionaries	6
Proclamation Parade	6
COMMERCIAL	7
THE WEATHER	8

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Thursday, January 3, 1918.

BACK TO FIRST PRINCIPLES.

No dispassionate and keen observer of the Indian political situation, as it has developed through these momentous days, can have failed to be struck by a significant sign of the times. He will have observed a gradual but sure thinning of the ranks of the apostles of obscurantism and reaction, as an inevitable result of the emancipating processes set in motion by the war. One by one the staunchest champions of the "dug-out" philosophy, as applied to Indian administration, have been forced to make a retreat before the incoming rush of the current of a new world-order—on the whole, an honourable retreat. And it will have been noted, further, that the recantation has come from those who, being nearer the scenes of the war, have been able to realise something of its solemn import as well as its awful tragedy. *Per contra*, those Europeans in India who, like the members of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, for instance, "are strong supporters of the present system of administration," believing it to be "the only system suited to the present conditions and needs of India," have learnt nothing from the war, immersed as they have been in the pleasant task of making capital, however legitimately, out of the war. Neither its meaning nor its tragedy has been brought home to them. The map of the whole world may be repainted, in defence and in vindication of the immortal principles of liberty and international righteousness, but they apparently cannot bring themselves to admit, or agree, that the process should involve any modification of the position of unconscionable privilege in which they themselves happen to be entrenched. Let that pass, however. It is a mood of suicidal infatuation, but, let us hope, a passing mood. What is more important to take note of is the unconscious testimony to the strength and the justice of the claim of India, which is afforded by the "conversion" of its erstwhile opponents. Sir J. D. Rees was one of the first to accept the inevitable. Sir Valentine Chirol lost no time, after returning from India, to impress upon his countrymen the unalterable fact that the Indian Home Rule movement, which derived an added momentum from the Russian Revolution, "has become a factor in Indian politics which can no longer be ignored." Not less insignificant was Lord Curzon's declaration that the war has unchained forces which cannot be ignored.

The latest to surrender to these forces is Sir Bampylde Fuller. In a letter to the "Times" of November 14, received by last mail, he puts the whole case for Indian Home Rule in a nutshell by declaring, with engaging frankness, that there are only "two possible courses open" in India: to maintain the prestige of the Indian Government, or to allow India to govern herself—that is, "a policy of 'hands off' or of 'Home Rule'." The former alternative, he has the sense to admit, is "beyond expectation." Therefore, the question resolves itself into this: "whether we should allow Home Rule to be wrested in morsels, with heart-burnings and hatred, as in Ireland," or have the statesmanship to bestow it "frankly and with as good grace as we can muster." In saying so, Sir Bampfylde Fuller does not merely capitulate to considerations which he would fain resist, having regard to his earlier prepossessions. The conviction as to the soundness and justice of these considerations has also gone home to him. For he has at last realised the obvious in holding that "a democracy cannot govern an alien dependency unless it is prepared to delegate its authority." "Its instrument," he adds,

> "is not command but persuasion: that is to say, it relies, not upon power, but upon promises. Men will obey—will obey cheerfully—an alien rule of whose power they are convinced. But when it comes to a matter of opinion, they prefer their own. The Indians have appreciated our power, and have respected it. But it is too much to ask that they should trust in our wisdom."

The authority of the British democracy having been delegated to the Indian Civil Service, apart from the latter, there is, Sir Bampfylde continues, no British authority which Indians can respect. Accordingly "unrest has sprung up, as the prestige of the Civil Service has declined." This unrest, he says, "we have attributed to various causes,—to religious fanaticism, to imperfect education, to the lack of industrial development." Sir Bampfylde goes deeper and finds that it has "a simpler origin." And that is that—"No one will cheerfully obey an authority which he does not respect." So that Sir Bampfylde returns to the two alternatives with which he set out. His acute and candid analysis of the deeper causes of the Indian "unrest" has convinced him that the maintenance of bureaucratic prestige is "beyond expectation." Hence the other alternative remains. Indians must be given the opportunity to govern themselves.

THE INDIAN SYNTHESIS.

India is the home of the story teller. It was but natural that many of the tales should have a ground-plot in life. The names of persons and places might have been invented, and some of the minor incidents might owe their origin to the past, but the main thread often was woven from life. In India history in the modern sense was not much appreciated. The science and art of history were introduced by Moslem aliens. In all Sanskrit literature hardly more than a couple of works may be classed as history, and that by a stretch of the ordinary connotation of the term,—the *Rajatarangini* of Kalhana and the *Harshacharit* of Bana. Both are tantalising productions. Both show to what heights the Indian genius was capable of development along what may be regarded as alien lines. The *Puranas* are another category of proof to demonstrate the same basic truth. It is only now in the twentieth century that we are beginning to realize the worth of those neglected storehouses of ancient information. We owe the proof to Pargiter and to Winternitz. But if the Indian was too idealistic to be practical, if he thought too much of the future existence to think of antiquity, he was master of the creative imagination—which sometimes mastered him,—that has furnished models to the world. It is yet left for the future philologist and folklorist with requisite linguistic facilities to bring home back to India the tales which, as *Arabian Nights*, passing through Persia, have delighted generations of cultured mankind. But science has no scepticism regarding the fountain source of these charming stories. A comparative study of the Kathasaretsargar and the the marvellous imaginative productions of Gunadhya and the Jain authors on the one hand and the Arabic story literature on the other is still a desideratum. This much, however, can be said for the Hindu tales: they portray India of the past with a vividness and accuracy of detail which surpass the efforts of professed historians. All who read *Dandi*, or even the fables of the *Panchatantra*, breathe an atmosphere that claims no kinship with our altered and transformed environment.

The period to which we refer is the age of indigenous rule, which became more and more purely autochthonous since the enlightened Akbar marrying a Rajput princess brought about by his example a fusion of races, which was parelleled, on the side of cultural development, by the contact of Persian and Prakrits in India. The epoch of syneretisim, amalgam and union, has many bards who were engaged in investing with the imperial garb of Persian the popular tales originally issuing from Sanskrit and diffused over the continent through various dialects from the Punjab to Bengal. The chief ones may be noted. The massive tomes of the British Museum and the India Office Libraries as well as the catalogues prepared by Provincial Governments of Sanskrit, Persian and Hindi manuscripts may be commended to Indian princes. Here is as much wealth buried in reality as is supposed to be secreted in gold by the timid ryot of Hindustan. The preference may be given to Hindu poets. It is they who helped to create the Persian literature of India. Madhoolas of Gujarat gave the world in 1687 his *Menka* and *Raja Manohar*. Then Lala Ranjit, also from the Punjab, produced *Parvati* and *Narvati*, a series of tales with Malik Muhammad for their hero, not known beyond their names to-day—*Malek Muhammad* and the *King of Kashmir*, *Malek Muhammad* and *Giti Afruz*, and lastly *Muhammad* and *Shaharbanu* which was but a Persian rendering of the original Hindi of Lachhman Singh prepared by order of Emperor Shah Alam. Nor were purely Persian themes left unadorned by Hindu minstrels composing in Persian. *Ranginbahar* is the tale of a Prince Behram and the daughter of King Dara. It saw the light in 1742. Its author was Kirpadayal, probably from the Punjab. It is a curiosity of literature that India which lent its tales to the world recovered them as loans, not recognizing her own progeny. A portion of the *Arabian Nights* was imitated in the love story of Nauruzshah and Kekdukht in 1744 by a Kayath named Udechand, who adopted the pen-name of Aziz.

Letter-writing as an art is decaying in the West. The electric wire and mercantile economy of time and the brevity of a brutally utilitarian age are not congenial to the development of polished periods of correspondence. Elegant letter-writing had its home in Persia. Here it took its rise and here, after fine development, it degenerated into turgid fustian, in which sense often was suffered to succumb to sound. Ornamentation of language became as much a preoccupation as the meaning, sought to be conveyed. Tawdry survivals are a reminder of the golden originals. The letters of Aurangzeb used not long ago to be sold in the bazaars of Lahore for young scholars to mould their after style. The Hindus have had their share in the fascinating art, which gave scope to "full-throated ease" of expression. The *Insha Harkaran*, hardly heard of to-day, was, two generations ago, when Persian was still the court language in Kashmir and adjoining territories, the *en sample*, it was fashioned for young courtiers, ministers, and munshis, by Harkaran, son of Mathuradas of Multan. It is difficult to make certain of its date. It came out some time between 1625 and 1631. Sujan Rai Munshi of Patyala, the author of a history, composed his *Khulasat-ul-Makatib* about the same time. To a Kayath, Ranchhordas, son of Ranjit Rai, we owe since 1732 *Dakaik-ul-Insha*. The times of the great Emperor Shahjahan, the palace-builder, are mirrored in the work—once fondly held immortal, to-day unknown, save to a few scholars—of his Hindu secretary. He was a Brahmin, whose name was Chandrabhan. He collected in his work the correspondence of his imperial master and courtiers in a Letter-Writer which he named *Rukeat Brahman*. It has preserved his epistles to Shahjahan and other ministers like Sadullah Khan, Akil Khan and Muzaffar Khan. The reader is translated to a different world, albeit with the same passions, aspirations, human infirmities and noble characteristics, and yet it is India that is reflected in this fascinating collection of correspondence. Not that even to the Persian scholar it is easy reading. But the effort repays itself severalfold. It is a world of dreams and yet realities stranger and harsher than of to-day.

MR. MONTAGU'S DEPARTURE.

The Rt. Hon. E. S. Montagu together with H. E. Lord and Lady Willingdon and party left for Gwalior yesterday by the 1-15 p.m. train from the Victoria Terminus. In addition to the usual officials, Sir Sassoon J. David and Sir S. B. Broacha were present at the station.

Notes of the Day.

The Premier's Message to India.

The message of "goodwill and confidence," which the Prime Minister has addressed to the Government and people of India, is a heartening and characteristic greeting. Mr. Lloyd George has never practised facile optimism, and there is a well-weighed accuracy in his statement: "We are now far on in the fourth year of the war; despite many set-backs and many disappointments, we are also far on in the path to victory." The chief significance of the message, however, lies in its just recognition of the part played by the members of the British Commonwealth in the titanic struggle for freedom that has convulsed the world:

> "Against their steadfast courage, the legions of autocracy have cast themselves in vain, and the Empire which the militarists of Prussia persuaded themselves would crumble at a blow has proved itself the most massive of the bulwarks of freedom, because it has itself sprung from the eternal soil of freedom."

The Real Issue.

India is a part of the British Commonwealth, and those who imagine that it can be defrauded of the results that must follow upon the inexorable inspiration of that relationship, as indicated by Mr. Lloyd George, are courting a terrific disappointment. India can have no place in an Empire which has "sprung from the eternal soil of freedom," except on a basis of real freedom, constitutional but national, such as is exemplified in the status and integrity of the self-governing members of the British Commonwealth. Nothing less will do, and nothing more is asked for. The message of the Prime Minister of England, coming at this time, is truly "a message of goodwill and confidence." It should help to brace the friends of Indian progress to stand together uncompromisingly in a righteous cause; it should also assist its enemies to achieve an adequate perception of the real issue.

A Distinction with a Difference.

A writer in the "Daily News" calls attention to the following description of Haifa now in the public eye, thanks to General Allenby and his men—given in the Encyclopaedia Britannica, the last edition of which was published before the war:

> The population is estimated at 12,000 (Moslems 6,000 Jews 1,500, Christians 4,000, Germans 500.)

Here there would seem to be an intelligent attempt at distinction with a difference!

Hun Vandalism.

"The Times" denouncing "the foolish suggestions from irresponsible quarters that other Allies should intervene in the Brest-Litovsk tragi-comedy," says that such a course would be unwise and mischievous in the last degree. The soundness of the advice is sufficiently demonstrated by the news of the latest Hun vandalism in Italy. An Italian semi-official communiqué says that in the raids on Padua the enemy was *deliberately* seeking to wreck the most precious treasures of religious art, that bombs were dropped on the Cathedral Church of St. Anthony and the Church of the Hermits and that in Capella of St. George the celebrated Titian frescoes were damaged and parts of paintings were torn down by explosion. All this in view of the previous record of German vandalism need occasion no especial surprise. But the very fact that such vandalism is part and parcel of a monstrous gospel of military necessity makes it unthinkable that peace negotiations can be opened with those who are directly responsible for it.

"The Cant of the Bureaucracy."

We take the following from the "Saturday Review":

> It is wonderful how soon a new Minister catches the cant of the bureaucracy. Sir Erle Geddes, in dealing with the critics of the Navy, resorted to the stereo-typed retort that officers were attacked who could not answer for themselves. That is nonsense, and, if it means anything, means that all Government departments, the War Office, the Admiralty, the India Office, the Treasury, and the Colonial Office, are to be immune from criticism in Parliament and the Press. No officers and no permanent officials appear in Parliament under our system of government; and that is just the reason why each of these departments is represented by a parliamentary chief. If the critics speak or write on insufficient information, it is the fault of the authorities, who habitually give belated and disingenuous information.

It is hardly necessary to point to the applicability of the above to the manners of our own bureaucrats, or to illustrate the tendency condemned by the "Saturday Review" by recalling the recent lapse of Sir Thomas Holland as President of the Indian Industries Commission.

Distress in the Kaira District.

Considerable distress prevails among the agricultural population of the Kaira district. Most of the agriculturists have been rendered helpless and destitu
of the failure of crops due
rains, their hardships hav
aggravated by the abnormal rise
Some time ago Messrs. Gokulda
and Vithalbhai Patel visited th
and after careful investigati
themselves that the only re
situation was to accept the de
agriculturists for the remissio
year's revenue. They pressed
on the attention of the Colle
though sympathetic, could not s
to act upon the suggestion.
naturally caused general disap
among the agriculturists, who
that the anna valuation of the
being estimated by the revenue
will be one-sided, and have requ
Collector to arrive at the true
of crops by appointing a com
officers not connected with the
department and non-official repres
The request is not unreasonable
trust the Government will at le
upon the Collector to accede to it
are not prepared to grant remissi

War Enterprise.

Necessity is the mother of i
The war, however, has thrown new
this as on other commonplaces of
ence. Thus before the war it
usual thing to order out from
things which, with some little effo
be made in India. Machinery was
the things invariably imported fr
side. The war has brought
considerable changes. In the latest
administration report we read
soap-making plant ordered from
could not be imported on acco
shipping difficulties." With chara
enterprise the Mysore Governm
about overcoming the difficulty. T
expert and the foreman of the Mysor
Workshop were sent to Calicut to st
soap-making machinery installed
Madras Government; and with the
the sketches they brought back,
quired plant was forthwith made
Mysore Public Works workshop.

German Anticipations.

The aniline dye industry was one
most profitable of Germany's pre-wa
polies and it is not surprising tha
effort should be made in that cou
revive that monopoly after the war
Thus it was that, in 1916, all the
ant aniline dye concerns formed the
into one syndicate as a preliminar
sure. The "Frankfurter Zeitung"
announces a large increase in their
capital. It is understood that th
take the total capital to somethin
£20,000,000, the increase by no mea
ering the actual expenditure on
pansion of the works, and large add
sums to be provided by the Germa
ernment. How streng is the determi
to maintain German predominance i
industry may be gathered from the
ing extracts from the "Frankfurter
tung:"

> The chemical industry plays a mo
> minent part in the extraordinary
> ing force which Germany has bee
> to develop in the world war, and
> strong superiority which she ha
> able to win over her enemies on th
> of battle. During the war very
> tasks have fallen to the chemical
> try, and it has been able to solv
> because of its brilliant productive
> ency, its manufacturing and fi
> strength, and the great adaptabili
> its works.

The journal adds that German ban
mining industry alone employ capit
the same colossal scale as the dye ind

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Viceroy left Vi
Terminus at 10-30 a.m. yesterday for
Their Excellencies the Governor and
Willingdon left Victoria Terminus a
p.m. yesterday for Gwalior.

Sir Robert Highet will preside ove
usual autumnal conference of the age
Indian Railways which will meet in Del
a short session from 7th to 12th Janua

With reference to the announcemen
the Honours List published on 1st in
to the effect that a Knighthood has
conferred on Major H. A. L. He
Agent, G. I. P. Railway, we are info
that the Agent proposes to drop his
two Christian names and to style hi
Sir Lawless Hepper.

The Board of Directors of the Bo
Baroda and Central India Railway,
elected Mr. T. J. Bennett, to a
on the Board. Mr. Bennett was for
Editor of "The Times of India"

THE VICEROY'S DEPARTURE.

H. E. the Viceroy left Bombay for I
yesterday by a special train. His E
lency, accompanied by H. E. Lord Will
don, motored from Government Hous
Victoria Terminus, where the follo
gentlemen were present to see his E
lency off:—The Hon. Mr. P. R. Ca
Chief Secretary to Government; Cap
Ashby, Senior Naval Officer; Mr. W
Shepherd, Collector of Bombay; Colonel
Lawless Hepper, Agent, G. I. P. Rail
Mr. P. W. Monie, Municipal Commissio
Mr. F. A. H. M. Vincent, Commissione
Police; Mr. F. C. Griffith and Mr. O.
Harker, Deputy Commissioners of Po
and the Hon. Mr. Hajibhoy Lalji, Sh
of Bombay. After shaking hands
those present his Excellency the Vic
boarded the train, which left Victoria
minus at the appointed hour.

N PEACE.

FOR ALLIES' VE.

CE OF DEFEAT-AN DESIGNS."

s Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
ecd. 4-45 p.m., Jan. 2.
ws" correspondent, Mr. rom Petrograd says that ove in the matter of the als, it seems possible will ask the Russians to rcing the Russian peace es. The only chance of designs for enslaving e Allies to publish terms o the Russian terms and n the Conference.

STLITOVSK PEACE ROPOSALS.

ALLIES' OFFICIAL IZANCE URGED.

TER'S Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Jan. 2.
Chronicle" Lobby correspond- Government circles recognise k proposals as indicating a the part of the Central Po- constitute a grave new fact al cognizance must be taken. t Britain, France, the United y are exchanging views and ment of the Allied war aims be expected.
he British Government is pre- long war and Sir Auckland o-morrow begin negotiations des Unionists with a view to exempted men.

ESTLITOVSK TRAGI-COMEDY."

TIMES" COMMENTS.

euter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Jan. 2.
es" denounces "the foolish rom irresponsible quarters that llies should intervene in the tragi-comedy" and says that se would be unwise and mis- the last degree.

STS AGAINST SEPARATE PEACE.

ENDERSON'S LETTER TO M. HUYSMAN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
STOCKHOLM, Jan. 1.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Jan. 2.
derson telegraphed to M. Huys- tary of the Dutch and Scandi- mmittee, which organised the Conference, asking him to com- to the Soviet in Petrograd the ire of the British labour party a should not conclude a separate

ysman has replied urging the n of the Socialist Congress to r a general as opposed to a sepa- .

H SOCIALISTS AGAINST EPARATE PEACE.

T FOR DEPUTATION REFUSED.

(Reuter's Telegram)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Jan. 2.
emenceau received a deputation of alists, including M. Albert Thomas sked for passports for Petrograd iew to preventing a separate peace. henceau replied that the situation grad was too disturbed for a good such a mission. He refused the s as the grant of them might in- e belief that the Government was ating in the peace pourparlers as in no way in their minds in the of serious proposals from the

RITISH PROGRESS IN PALESTINE.

VANCE NORTH OF JERUSALEM.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 4-45 p.m., Jan. 2.
official communiqué from Palestine we further advanced our line north of Jerusalem. Between the 27th and 9th December we took 750 prisoners. enemy dead were counted.

SOCIALISTS AND RUSSIAN PEACE.

ENEMY REPULSED NEAR LAVACQUERIE.

ENEMY ATTACK NEAR LAVA QUERIF.

FIERCE BRITISH BARRAGE.

WHOLE OF THE TRENCHES REGAINED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 2.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters wires to-day:—The enemy's attack yesterday north-west of Lavacquerie was carried out after fierce bombardment. The attack was concentrated on a front of half a mile. The waves advanced under cover of flammenwerfer and parties swarmed into the short length of the trenches on the right. Elsewhere they were unable to rush the parapet in the face of heavy machine-gun and rifle fire.

Whilst our supports were organising a counter-attack our gunners put up a fierce barrage against the invaders driving them to cover with the result that when we crossed the snowclad ground we took the whole of the trenches the Germans had carried. It was a very straggling remnant of the original storming companies that got back across "No Man's Land."

NEW YEAR GREETINGS TO FRITZ.

The New Year was ushered in according to custom at midnight. Groups of batteries put over salvoes of high explosives in bursts of a dozen at a time thus intimating it was twelve o'clock. Then the other gunners joined in punctually with firing indicating the numerals 1918, after which a bouquet of gas-shells was sent speeding to bid Fritz a Happy New Year. Naturally this form of greeting was resented in some places notably near Arleux and Fresnoy where regular quarrel between heavy guns blazed up. The Scottish celebrations were more subdued than usual.

DARING FEAT BY A BRITISH AIRMAN.

I have just heard a wonderful story of the adventure of a young British airman. He landed in thick weather and was asking peasants his whereabouts when he beheld a troop of German cavalry galloping towards him. Immediately he opened his engine full out and skimming ground charged the advanting Germans. The leading officer fired an automatic pistol and the airman opened with a Lewis gun and the officer and numerous men and horses were hit. The remainder bolted. The airman intended leaving nothing to chance so flew a great distant westward to ensure landing on the British side. When he next descended there was no need to ask his whereabouts for he recognised Paris a few kilometres away.

ARTILLERY FIRING ON BRITISH FRONT

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 2.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué reports considerable reciprocal arillery firing in neighbourhood of Arleux-en-Gohelle.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

U. S SECRETARY'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF SITUATION:

(Reuter's Telegram.)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

Mr. Baker's weekly statement says: The new year finds the British dominant on the Flanders Plain. The battle of Cambrai proves that German defences can be broken and taken. Though full advantage was not taken of the early success, nevertheless the British in this battle inflicted most serious disaster on the German arms since the battle of the Marne.

The French hold the key to the Loan area through the capture of Chemin des Dames. It is evident from the repeated transfer of troops in Italy that the enemy is pursuing an opportunist plan of campaign rather than following definite strategic operations.

TALK OF GERMAN OFFENSIVE.

(Associated Press.)
LAHORE, Jan. 2.

The "C and M. Gazette's London correspondent cables:—

The Rome correspondent of the Central News Agency says Hindenburg calculates he will be ready to resume the offensive in France on the anniversary of the opening of the attack on Verdun. According to the Germans the next spring will see the Germans either win the war or be obliged to assume a definite defensive.

The Daily Mail's correspondent at the front says that according to statements of prisoners the Germans find it difficult to replace wastage of their pilots at the front, who are being withdrawn in order to act as instructors in Germany.

UNSHAKABLE CONFIDENCE IN VICTORY.

TRIBUTE TO FRANCE,

KING'S MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT POINCARE

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Jan. 3.

King George and President Poincare have exchanged new year telegrams in which his Majesty pays a tribute to the magnificent courage of France and assures the President of unshakable confidence in a victorious end to the great struggle.

M. Poincare replying says the longer the war lasts, the firmer is his confidence in the final success of the Allied arms.

FRENCH SUCCESS ON MONTE TOMBA.

ITS STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 2.

A semi-official statement says:—The French attack mentioned in yesterday's Italian communiqué was launched after thirty-six hours' bombardment. The Monte Tomba is 870 metres high and constitutes the last buttress in the mountain chain which defends access to the plain between elbows of the Brenta to the west and the Piave to the east. The Italians here were recently forced to abandon after a desperate resistance valuable positions to the Austrians leaving no natural obbstacle between the enemy and Treviso. Hence the importance of restoring the position. The French showed a really magnificent dash regaining mastery of Monte Tomba and capturing large booty besides prisoners. The French success was valuable both tactically and morally.

VIOLENT FIRING IN TOMBA REGION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 5-30 p.m, Jan. 2.

A wireless German official message reports violent artillery firing in the Tomba region.

WE HOLD ZENSON BEND.

ITALIAN REVERSE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 1 a.m., Jan. 3.

An Italian official communiqué says:—Owing to our energetic pressure since 27th December, enemy has abandoned the bridgehead at Zenson and crossed to the left bank of the Piave, suffering heavy loss. We now hold the whole of the Zenson bend. During the night, enemy bombed Vicenza, Bassano, Castelfranco and Treviso. Thirteen were killed and fourty-four wounded.

RAID N. E. OF LOOS.

REPULSED BY BRITISH.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 1 a.m., Jan. 3.

Last night's communiqué from Field-Marshal Haig says:—Enemy's attempted raid early this morning north-eastward of Loos was repulsed. During December, 1,018 Germans were taken prisoners including twelve officers. Four guns and 103 machine guns were captured.

Our aeroplanes last night dropped a hundred bombs on the billets in the neighbourhood of Roulers and Menin, and made several direct hits. The moving train was also bombed and hit.

UN-NAMED CRACK BRITISH AIRMAN

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 2.

The correspondent at the British front describes the exploits of an unnamed crack British airman who one day last week brought down four enemy machines and on the following day three more. He already has thirty-seven victories to his credit—ten less than Bishop, the British super-crack. He is a fair-haired, slight and delicate youngster aged twenty-two. He was formerly a mechanic in the Flying Corps but to-day commands a unit.

WAR PURCHASE AND FINANCE.

INTER-ALLY COUNCIL MEETS

BRITISH REPRESENTATIVES

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Jan. 3.

The Inter-Ally council of war purchase and finance has opened. It is attended by Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Buckmaster and by French, Italian and American representatives.

THE DISTURBANCE AT HARBIN.

RUSSIAN TROOPS SURRENDER TO CHINESE SOLDIERS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

Belated telegrams from Reuter's Tokio and Peking correspondents state that 2,500 Russian troops at Harbin surrendered to Chinese soldiers after fighting on the 27th December, and were deported.

EFFECT OF RUSSIAN COLLAPSE.

INTENSE PRESSURE ON THE WEST POSSIBLE.

(Associated Press.)
ALLAHABAD, Jan. 1.

The "Pioneer's" special cable says:—

The "Times" Military correspondent devotes an article to the extent and the consequence of enemy reinforcements to the west from Russia. He considers that the eastern front must be guarded if only to prevent the percolation of Bolshevik notions into Germany, but probably half a million men can be transferred apart from the possibilities arising from the contemplated employment of the 200,000 recently captured Italians in the German mines and the release of the German prisoners now in Russia. Although the German man-power problem had reached a critical stage, the maintainance of strength during 1918 is now reasonably assured. Assuming operations of the general character of the previous years, the Austrians must be prepared for surprises in south-west Russia, but having shortened the Italian front they may spare a quarter of a million men for Alsace.

In his spring plans Marshal Hindenburg may decide to include an attempted invasion of England, an attack on the British, French, Americans or Belgians in France an operation through Switzerland, a thrust at Salonika or assistance to Turkey. Although the enemy reinforcements may destroy our too narrow margin of numerical superiority they will not give the enemy the crushing superiority necessary for decisive results. We are, however, liable to be hard beset in the west, particularly if the enemy realising that hunger will ruin Germany before the submarine can ruin us seek a military victory at any cost.

SIBERIAN REPUBLIC.

A SCENE OF SEVERE CONFLICT,

(Associated Press.)
DELHI, Jan. 2.

His Excellency the Viceroy has received a telegram from the Secretary of State for India dated 1st January 1918 which says:—

The Central Powers in their negotiations with the Bolshevik deputation from Russia make out that Poland, Lithuania, Courland and portions of Esthania and Livonia, have declared for separation from Russia and independence, presumably within the German-Austrian orbit. The Central Powers undertake to evacuate other portions of Russian territory when, but not before, the demobilisation of Russian armies has been completed. Siberia has declared itself an independent republic, and is the scene of severe conflict. Hostilities between Bolsheviks and Ukranians in South-west Russia continue.

Germans attacked near Cambrai positions that the British had captured from them in November. They temporarily recaptured a portion, but British counter-attacking regained most of the lost ground. Enemy have shown considerable activity in Lorraine, but no change in the situation has taken place. Enemy have made no further attack on Italian front, but French troops stormed Austrian positions on front nearly three miles in Mount Tomba region, immediately west of the river Piave and firmly established themselves in the new positions.

Three British torpedo boats were mined or torpedoed in foggy weather of the Dutch coast.

OTHER CABLE ITEMS.

AWARDS FOR WAR SERVICES.

GENERAL PLUMER GETS G. C. B.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Dec. 31.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 2.

The "London Gazette" announces the following awards for war services:—

G. C. B.

General Plumer.

C. B.

Major-Generals H. J. MacAndrew and H. C. Holman, Brigadier-Generals A. W. Knox and F. G. Lucas; Colonel K. S. Dunsterville, Lieut.-Colonel R. M. Carter.

G. C. M. G.

Lieut.-Generals Sir C. F. Macready and Sir John Cowans, Surgeon-General Sir George Makins.

C. M. G.

Brigadier-Generals P. Holland-Pryor, A. W. Peck, E. A. Fagan, H. B. Baird, D. L. Pitcher; Colonels C. M. Cartwright and F. G. Marsh; Lieut.-Colonels C. T. Hudson, M. R. Nightingale and E. W. Costello.

Many promotions are announced

OTHER NEW YEAR HONOURS.

DECORATIONS FOR INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 1 a.m., Jan. 3.

In the New Year's Honours list, the following Lancashire Cotton Spinners receive baronetcies:—

Edward Tootal Broadhurst: John Leigh; A. H. Dixon who is chairman of Cotton Controll Board.

The Gazette announces award of the bar to the D. S. O. to Brigadier D. M. Watt of Indian Army. Other decorations conferred on the officers of Indian Army are: D. S. O's Colonel P. H. Dyke; Lieut.-Cols. James Craik, A. N. Fleming, C. A. Goodwin, W. G. Green, H. W. Jackson, Majors F. S. Atkinson, Hector Campbell, George Craster, B. J. Fagan, W. T. Finlayson, E. D. Galbraith, A. N. Jones, G. F. Shakespear, A. B. Skinner, C. J. Thornhill, G. G. Wylly, and R. J. Yates. Captains Kenneth Barge, J. B. Lynch, and J. R. Sherston.

MESSRS LAW AND CHAMBERLAIN IN PARIS.

GOVERNMENT REPLY TO SOCIALIST ALLEGATION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 2.

Mr. Bonar Law and Mr. Chamberlain have arrived here.

In the Chamber M. Renaudel read a declaration on behalf of the Socialists protesting against the weakness of the Allied diplomacy as regards the war especially towards Russia.

M. Pichon replying refused to enter fully into the question raised by the Socialists and emphasised that France was acting in accord with the Allies.

ADMIRAL FARQUHAR'S RETIRES.

SIR G. PATEY SUCCEEDS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Jan. 3.

Admiral Farquhar has retired at his own request. Sir George Patey has been promoted to Admiral.

ITALIAN SENATE.

UNANIMOUS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE ON GOVERNMENT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
ROME, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 2.

After the speech by the Premier the Senate passed a unanimous vote of confidence in the Government.

TWO BOATS TORPEDOED AND SUNK

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Dec. 31.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

The Admiralty announces that the mine-sweeping sloop Arbutus has been torpedoed and foundered in a severe weather. The commander and another officer and seven men are missing.

The boarding-steamer Grive was also torpedoed and sunk but there were no casualties.

SUPREME WAR COUNCIL.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE ON ITS MEANING.

REPAIRING AN "INCREDIBLE BLUNDER."

Mr. Lloyd George was the principal guest on Nov. 12 at a luncheon given at the French War Office by M. Painleve, the Prime Minister and Secretary for War, to celebrate the new era which is opened by the creation of the Allies' Supreme War Council. There were also present General Smuts, Mr. Churchill, Signor Berenici the Italian Minister of Education, and a brilliant assembly of most of the notable men in France.

Speaking after M. Painleve, Mr. Lloyd George said:—

There are two questions which may be asked with reference to the step which we have taken. Why are we taking it now. That is easy to answer. The second question is more difficult to find a satisfactory answer for. Why did we not take it before? I propose to answer both. With regard to the first question, the events of the war have demonstrated even to the most separatist and suspicious mind the need for greater unity among the Allies in their war control. They had on their side—in spite of all that has happened they still have at their command—all the essential ingredients of victory. They have command of the sea. That has never yet failed to bring victory in the end to the Power that can hold out. On land they have the advantage in numbers, in weight of men and material, in economic and financial resources, and, beyond and above all, in the justice of their cause. In a prolonged war nothing counts as much as a good conscience.

This combined superiority ought ere now to have ensured victory for the Allies; at least it ought to have carried them much farther along the road to victory than the point which they have yet reached. To an extent they have failed in achieving their purpose.

Who and what is responsible? Let us ruthlessly search out the answer to that question without undue regard to susceptibilities. The fault has not been with the Navies or the Armies. The defence of Verdun will be remembered with amazement and with pride until the world grows cold. Yea, and the story of the indomitable tenacity which won the crests of Passchendaele after months of a conflict almost unexampled in its fierce stubbornness will make the mists of my native land ever glow with splendour. And let me say this word for the Italian Army in its hour of discomfiture; no one can look at those frontier mountains without a thrill of respect for the gallantry that once stormed them in face of the entrenched legions of Austria.

Let us also be just to Russia. Yes, just. Russia is suffering from the violent fever into which she has been driven by conditions of atrocious misgovernment. She now lies stricken through no fault of her own. No, the fault has not been with the Armies. It has been entirely due to absence of real unity in the war direction of the Allied countries. We have all felt the need for it, but we have gone on talking of the eastern front, the western front, the Italian front, the Salonica front, the Egyptian front, and the Mesopotamia front, forgetting that there is but one front with many flanks; that with these colossal Armies the battlefield is Continental.

Conferences have been held annually to concert united action for the campaign of the coming year. Great generals came to Paris with skilfully prepared plans for their own front. In the absence of a genuine Inter-Allied Council of men responsible as much for one part of the battlefield as for another there was a sensitiveness, a delicacy about even tendering advice, letting alone support for any sector than that for which the generals were themselves directly responsible. But there had to be an appearance of a strategic whole, so they all sat on the same table and metaphorically took a thread and needle and sewed these plans together and produced hem to a subsequent civilian conference as one great strategic piece; and it was solemnly proclaimed to the world on the following morning that the unity of the Allies was complete.

But stitching is not strategy, and when these plans were worked out in the terrible realities of war the stitches came out and the disintegration was complete.

ITALY'S HARD TASK.

In a siege not only must every part of the line of circumvallation be strong enough to resist the strongest attack which the besieged can bring to bear upon it; more than that the besieging army must be ready to strike at the weakest point of the enemy wherever that may be. Have we done so? Look at the facts. The enemy was cut off by the Allies' Navies from all the rich lands beyond the seas whence he had been drawing enormous stores of food and material. On the East he was blockaded by Russia, on the West by the Armies of France, Great Britain, and Italy.

But the south—the important south—with its gateway to the East, was left to be held by the forces of a small country with half the population of Belgium, its armies exhausted by the struggles of three wars and with two treacherous Kings behind it, lying in wait for the opportunity to knife it. While we were hammering at the impenetrable barrier in the west the Germanic Powers, confident that we could not break through, threw their weight on that little country, crushed her resistance, opened the gate to the East, unlocked the great stores of corn, cattle, and minerals—yes, unlocked the door of hope—all essential to enable Germany to sustain her struggle. Without these additional stores Germany

(Continued on page 6.)

SUPERME WAR COUNCIL.

(Continued from page 5.)

might have failed to support her armies at their full strength. Turkey, which had nearly exhausted her resources, was re-equipped and became once more a formidable military Power whose activities absorbed hundreds of thousands of our best men to enable us to retain our prestige in the East.

"TOO LATE."

By this fatuity this terrible war was given new life. Why was this incredible blunder perpetrated? The answer is simply because it was no one's business in particular to guard the gates of the Balkans It is true that we sent forces to Salonica to rescue Serbia, but, as usual, they were sent too late, when the mischief was complete.

You may say that is an old story. I wish it were. It is simply the first chapter of a serial which has been running to this hour. 1915 was the year of the tragedy of Serbia; 1916 was the year of the tragedy of Rumania. The rich corn and oil fields of Rumania passed to the foe, and Germany was enabled to escape through the harvest of 1917. The siege of the Germanic Powers was once more raised and this horrible war once more prolonged.

This could not have happened if there had been some central authority whose responsibility was to think out the problem of the war for the whole battlefield. If you want to appreciate how we were waging four wars and not one I will give you one fact to reflect upon. In 1916 we had the same conference in Paris, the same appearance of preparing one great strategic plan. But when the military power of Russia collapsed in March 1916 the plans proceeded exactly as if nothing had occurred. This is 1917. What has happened? There has been the same disaster due to the same cause. Russia had collapsed; Italy was menaced. The business of Russia is to look after her own front. It is the concern of Italy to look after her own war. "Am I my brother's keeper?" Disastrous! Fatal! The Italian front is just as important to France and to Great Britain as it was to Germany. Germany understood that in time; unfortunately we did not.

It is no use minimising the extent of the disaster. When we advance a kilometre into the enemy's lines and snatch a small shattered village out of his cruel grip and capture a few hundreds of his soldiers we shout with unfeigned joy. And rightly so, for it is a symbol of our superiority over a boastful foe and a sure guarantee that in the end we can and shall win. But what if we had advanced 50 kilometres beyond his lines, made 200,000 of his soldiers prisoners, and taken 2,500 of his best guns? What print would we have for our headlines? Have you any idea how long it would take the arsenals of France and Great Britain to manufacture 2,500 guns? At this moment the extent to which we can prevent this defeat from developing into a catastrophe depends upon the promptitude and completeness with which we break with our past, and for the first time realise in action the essential unity of all the Allied fronts. I believe that we have at last learned this [redacted] re, then this er, and the co-ordinated We shall ian disaster. it would unity. Had we learned this lesson [illegible] three months ago what a difference it would have made.

ENGLISH NURSE FROM BULGARIA.

MEDAL FROM THE ENEMY.

Sister Hilda Hawley, late of the British Red Cross and St. John Ambulance, and a member of the American mission for the Balkans, arrived at Berne in mail week from Sofia by way of Vienna on her way home to England after spending two years as a prisoner in Bulgaria. She has been detained during the last two months in the little mountain village of Silz, on the Tyrol frontier.

Her devoted work as a nurse in Monastir and Sofia justly won her the respect of all. She owes her repatriation to the Queen of Bulgaria, who died in September and who [redacted] deeply touched by the work this un[redacted]herable and unselfish little English[redacted]an did for all the sick and wounded, [redacted]pective of nationality. All the time [redacted]as in Bulgaria she insisted on wearing [redacted]ttle British flag, and the Bulgarians given her their Distinguished Service [redacted] to wear beside it, so much did her impress them.

BULGARIA'S FOOD SUPPLY.

[redacted]er Hawley was in Monastir all the time it was being bombed and shelled by our aeroplanes and guns. Having spent the last twelve months or so in Sofia and Samakoff, and having lived on the same food as the population, she was able to give an account of conditions of life there. She says that Bulgaria is undoubtedly better off for food than any of her Allies. The average requirements of Bulgarians in the way of food are much more modest than those of the Germans or Austrians. The working man or peasant is quite content if he can get ryebread and beans, and now and again some cheese. Last year the Bulgarians made the mistake of letting the Germans take away too much food, and the unequal distribution at home and poor transport organisation increased the difficulties.

In the coming year, under a new Food Controller, the Bulgarians think that they are not likely to have any great need for anxiety about food. They will begin to give Germany and Austria food only after they have supplied their own needs.

There are sinister rumours about conditions in Constantinople where, owing to fabulous prices, the poor are in the greatest destitution.

No love is lost between the Bulgarians and Germans, says Miss Hawley.—"Daily Mail."

ATHENS AND BERLIN.

MORE DOCUMENTS OF THE OLD REGIME.

According to the Athens correspondent of "The Times" the Greek Government is preparing to publish in popular book form, as an abiding reminder of the deceitful manner in which ex-King Constantine sacrificed the interests of his people for the sake of his cherished connexion with the Kaiser, the whole series of secret telegrams exchanged between Athens and Berlin before the dethronement. These telegrams number, I understand, 69 in all. The following is a slightly abridged translation of further documents of the series that were communicated to me to-day:—

From Ex-King Constantine to M. Theotokis (Minister at Berlin), March 10, 1916:—

Falkenhausen has informed us of the intention of the allied troops to occupy the Pass of Demir Hissar, between Mounts Beless and Tchenghel, as a defensive measure in consequence of the action of the Anglo-French, and has requested us to evacuate that sector. I replied that we were awaiting from the Imperial Government the declaration that has been demanded. . . .

From M Theotokis to the King, June 6, 1916:—

The Chancellor sent for me and requested me to express to your Majesty his concern re the conflagration at Tatoi and his joy at your Majesty's and your family's escape. In my official dispatch 1989 your Majesty will find an account of the official part of our conversation. My present dispatch will, therefore, confine itself to the confidential talk of the Chancellor.

In regard to Prince Nicholas's journey to Russia, I deemed it right to explain the character of this mission. I explained to him that the visits of Prince Nicholas and Prince Andrew to Petrograd and London respectively have no political, but solely dynastic, objects. The princes are instructed to explain your Majesty's policy to the Sovereigns of Russia and Great Britain and to impress on them that the policy followed by their Governments in Greece only tends to undermine the Throne without practical advantage. I laid stress on the fact that the objects of their Highnesses' mission were strictly defined, having no reference to your Majesty's political orientation, and are particularly to revive the sympathies existing between the Royal Family and the Courts of Petrograd and London, which had latterly much cooled. I ended by expressing the hope that the Emperor and the Imperial Government would understand the necessity of these steps.

Hollweg replied that he understood perfectly the necessities which dictated this course, and expressed the hope that it would be successful. He thanked me for the frank and loyal statements I had proffered and begged me to call on Jagow and repeat my statements to him in order that he might communicate with the Emperor. By the number of questions the Chancellor asked in connexion with Prince Nicholas's journey and the possibility of his visiting Berlin, I inferred that he would like to meet his Royal Highness on his return from Petrograd. If your Majesty sees no objection to such a visit I venture to beg for your Majesty's commands that I may communicate them to the Prince on his arrival here. I may add that all necessary precautions can be taken that the proposed interviews remain secret.

From M. Theotokis to the King, June 13, 1916:—

Recent events in Greece have created a great impression here. It is generally admitted that we could not do otherwise than yield, although it is remarked that we might have yielded conditionally upon the evacuation of our own territory by the Entente troops, seeing that now the Parliamentary elections will be held under the pressure and influence of Anglo-French bayonets.

But this is a mere academic expression of opinion. People here quite realize your Majesty's difficulties, and do not desire to increase them by advice or suggestions. There is reason to believe that the people here will accommodate themselves to the new situation of affairs, though they seriously fear that the pressure of the Entente, with the connivance of Venizelos, will continue, in order, by provoking internal troubles, to achieve their well-known aims. What greatly preoccupies the German official mind is the idea that Venizelos, backed by the Entente, may triumph at the elections, an event which would have undesirable consequences. They have a lively regret for the departure of Skouloudis, who had won their confidence and esteem.

MR. ASQUITH'S SEAT.

On Mr. Asquith's proposal the House of Commons on Nov. 7th agreed that East Fife shall continue to give its name to parliamentary division. Under the redistribution of seats proposals it was to be known as St. Andrews; the old burghs under that name are to be included in the division.

"For 32 years," said Mr. Asquith, "I have represented East Fife. I have a personal desire to retain the old name, but my appeal is not personal; it is based on the opinion and sentiment of the community itself. There is no more composite constituency, consisting as it does of agriculturists, fishermen, miners, and factory workers, and now St. Andrews comes in we are to have learned professors from the legislative centre of the world's golf."

A big mass meeting with an audience of over three thousand was held at Godhra on the 31st December, Dr. Manekla presiding. Home Rule, education, forced labour and other important subjects were discussed in the vernacular.

MOSLEM REACTIONARIES.

FORM AN ASSOCIATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 1.

A meeting was held here on Sunday, Mr. S. Mabboobally presiding, and leading representatives of the following associations being present: The Indian Moslem Association (Bengal), Moslem Defence Association (United Provinces), Punjab Moslem League, Southern India Islamic League, also representatives from Sind, Delhi and Behar, when it was decided to form an organisation to be known as the All-India Moslem Association with branches in the various provinces, which should mainly devote itself to the traditional Moslem policy of safeguarding and advancing Moslem interests. Speeches were made by the Hon. Mr. Mahomed Shafi of Lahore, Shaikh Abdulla of Aligarh and Mr. G. H. C. Ariff of Bengal. His Highness the Prince of Arcot was elected President of the new association, with the following vice-presidents:—Nawab Sirajul Islam, Mr. G. H. C. Ariff, Mr. S. Mahboobally (Bengal), the Hon. Khan Bahadur Nawab Muzzamilullah, Khan Bahadur Syed Abdul Raoof, Bar-at-Law, (United Provinces), Khan Bahadur Nawab Muhammad Ali Khan Kazirbash, Khan Bahadur Shaik Ghulam Sadiq (Punjab), Mirza Izaz Hussain (Malerkotla, Native State) the Hon. Mr. Ahmed Thumby Maricair (Madras).

On the motion of Mr. G. C. H. Ariff (Bengal), seconded by Mr. Shaikh Abdullah (U. P.), the Hon. Mr. Shafi was unanimously elected General Secretary and the following gentlemen as provincial secretaries:—The Hon. Dr. A. Suhrawardy, Bar-at-Law, (Bengal), Mr. Ibni Ahmed, Bar-at-Law (United Provinces), Maulvi Rafiuddin Ahmed, Bar-at-Law, (Bombay).

A constitution committee consisting of the office-bearers and the following gentlemen was formed with instructions to submit its report as soon as possible:—Mr. Mahboob Alam, Mr. Haq Nawaz, Bar-at-Law, (Punjab), Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, Bar-at-Law, (Bombay), the Hon. Mr. Naim, Bar-at-Law. Mr. Sayed Abdul Awas (Bihar).

NOTHING NEW.

The following resolutions were then adopted unanimously:—"This meeting, while welcoming the declaration made by his Majesty's Government of August 20th last regarding the constitutional goal in India, emphatically reaffirms the necessity of providing for adequate representation of Indian Musalmans on all Legislative Councils, Imperial and Provincial, as well as on the Council of the Secretary of State for India, the Imperial and Provincial Executive Councils and in all other branches of administration, a revision of which may form part of the Indian reform scheme."

Proposed by Mr. G. C. H Ariff (Calcutta) and seconded by Khan Bahadur Mir Muhammad Khan (Simla).

"This meeting strongly urges upon the Government of Bihar and Orissa the necessity of appointment of a commission of inquiry to investigate into the real causes of the recent disturbances in certain parts of Bihar on the occasion of the last Bakr-id, which appear to be the result of previous preparation and premeditation."

Proposed by Hazi Abdul Haroon (Karachi) and seconded by Mr. Noor Ahmed (Delhi).

"In view of the alarming nature of the conspiracy and the seriousness of the results to the Bihar Moslem minority of the Id disturbances as established in the various cases tried by the special tribunals, this meeting strongly urges upon the Government of Bihar and Orissa to take effective precautionary measures to render the recurrence of such disturbances impossible in the future and protect the Musalman minority in the exercise of their religious rights."—

Proposed by Haji Mohammad Zacharia (Calcutta) and seconded by Khan Saheb Khwaja Gul Muhammad (Feroze-pore).

"In view of the vital interest involved and of the serious injury to Moslem education resulting from the existing unsatisfactory state of things, this meeting earnestly urges upon Government the necessity of taking early steps to provide for an adequate Moslem representation on the Senates and Syndicates of the various Indian universities."—

Proposed by Mr. Ismail Ibrahim Salehjee Calcutta) and seconded by Mr. Hashim E. Salehjee and supported by Mr. K. Ahmad and Mr. Abdul Rahim, Editor, "Muslim Hitaishi."

WAR PROPHECY.

HOSTILEI TIES WILL END IN THE AIR.

The Paris "Auto" publishes an interview with Signor Caproni, in the course of which he stated that he was about to try to cross the Atlantic on one of his triple motor machines, which guarantee almost complete safety. He laid stress on the advantage of using big aeroplanes for bombing. The inventor pointed out the difficulty he had experienced in getting his ideas adopted. He said that the enemy, helped by their large supplies of labour, had been working with tremendous energy and produced their Gothas and Zeppelins with incredible rapidity. He continued:

Next spring we shall see a remarkable blossoming forth of Austro-German effort. The rear will suffer equally with the front. Paris, Lyons, Le Creusot, St. Etienne, St. Chamond will be bombed with a frequency that we do not dream of now. And in the same way the Allies will carry death and desolation into the enemy's country. But they ought not to lose a single minute. It is aviation that will bring the war to an end. Victory will go to that one of the belligerents who first perfects his aerial army. We must therefore speed up our production. The enemy is on our heels, and making tremendous efforts to gain the mastery of the air without which victory in modern warfare is nothing but a myth.

PREMIER'S MESSAGE TO INDIA.

STRUGGLE WITH LEGIONS OF AUTOCRACY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 2.

His Excellency the Viceroy has received the following message from the Prime Minister:—

"At the beginning of a new year, I wish to send on behalf of the War Cabinet to the Government and people of India, a message of goodwill and confidence. We are now far on in the fourth year of the war. Despite many set-backs and many disappointments, we are also far on in the path to victory. I have no doubt that if the Allies stand firm, they will not only restore liberty to Europe, but give lasting peace to the world. In the accomplishment of this great work, no people will have played a greater part than those who are members of the British Commonwealth. Against their steadfast courage, the legions of autocracy have cast themselves in vain, and the Empire which the militarists of Prussia persuaded themselves would crumble at a blow has proved itself the most united and most massive of the bulwarks of freedom, because it has itself sprung from the eternal soil of freedom. I have good hope that before this new year is past, the purpose to which we have set our hands will have been completely achieved."

MR. MONTAGU'S ELOQUENT SILENCE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Jan. 2.

The "Madras Mail's" London correspondent telegraphs:—

The only news of Mr. Montagu's doings is that arriving by mail. There is satisfaction at the decision of Government that he should abstain from speaking, and that it is so rigidly adhered to, causes amusement.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

PARENTAL RIGHTS.

In the Court of Appeal on Nov. 9th Lords Justices Swinfen Eady, Warrington, and Scrutton gave judgment on the appeal of the Gateshead Guardians from a judgment of Mr. Justice Neville in the Chancery Division, who dismissed the action against the Durham County Council (as the local education authority), which the plaintiffs brought for the purpose of asserting their right to send poor-law children, lodged and maintained by the Guardians in the Cottage Homes, to the defendants' public elementary schools without special payment. The defendants contended that any question as to their refusal to admit the children to their schools ought to be determined by the Board of Education, and that the jurisdiction of the Court was ousted, a contention which Mr. Justice Neville upheld.

Lord Justice Swinfen Eady, giving judgment allowing the appeal, said the case raised the question whether the parents, who, under the Elementary Education Acts; are bound to send their children to school, have the corresponding right to the free education of their children. His lordship said in his opinion the Acts, which required a parent to cause his children to attend school, gave him the right to insist that his child should be admitted to any school he chose, and that the local education authority had not the right to refuse a child unless they received some contribution. The local education authority could not take away the parents' right.

The other judges agreed.

LEST WE FORGET.

Another year says the "Times," is drawing to its close under the shadow of war; and to-day the King, the Head of the Church and the Defender of the Faith, summons his people throughout the world to set aside the first Sunday in the coming year as a special day of prayer and thanksgiving—prayer "that we may have the clear-sightedness and strength necessary to the victory of our cause," and thanksgiving "for the Divine guidance which has led us so far towards our goal." Amid the clash of arms and the daily insistence of material or mechanical tasks it is not always easy to remember that we are banded together to establish, with brain or muscle or life the cause which to all of us is the noblest of all causes. In the knowledge that all his loyal subjects have faith in the justice of that cause the King bids us to recall, with the solemnity of a day set apart the ideals which we are striving to uphold. If the call comes at a time when we cannot fail to remember that the mills of God grind slowly, it comes also at a time when we Englishmen, and all those united with us in a common service, were never more conscious of our strength or of the rightness of the endeavour in which it is being used to the utmost. Thankful, therefore, for the height of our calling, and that our women and children have been spared the full horrors of war, we may humbly renew our strength, and welcome the King's command:—

"England, on thy knees to-night
"Pray that God defend the right."

The Sessions Judge of Jhansi has passed orders in the case in which Mr. E. A. R. Nyss was accused of murder of Mrs. Donovan. Disagreeing with two out of the three assessors he found the accused guilty and sentenced him to death. An appeal will be filed in Allahabad High Court.

Acting Captain R. A. Dobb, R.F.A., is reported died of disease in the casualty list No. 572, Indian Expeditionary Forces.

PROCLAMATION PARADES.

AT POONA AND KIRKEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Jan. 1.

Proclamation parades were held this morning at Poona and Kirkee, at the former place under Colonel Fraser, Commanding, I.D.F., and at the latter under Col. Colwin, R. A. There were some 2,500 troops under arms in Poona and quite double that number at Kirkee. All arms now in these stations were strongly represented.

AT BANGALORE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, Jan. 1.

The New Year parade was held this morning, which was witnessed by a large crowd Both Indian and European troops, the I.D.F. battalion and the Mysore Imperial Service Lancers, under the command of Brigadier-General Iggulden, Col. Desaraj Urs and the Divisional Staff took part. General Sir Arthur Phayre and staff, consisting of Col. Cox, Col. Rivett Carnac and Capt. Wicher, were present. General Phayre received the salute from the troops. Among those present to witness was Brigadier-General Somerset, C.M.G., M.V.O.

AT LUCKNOW.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Jan. 1.

Troops in the garrison paraded this morning for Proclamation Parade, the I.D.F. taking part in the ceremonial for the first time. Brigadier-General Wolley Dod was in command.

The usual Proclamation Parade to have at Calcutta was held in the Maidan and attracted a large number of spectators. New Year's day otherwise passed off quietly the chief interest centering in the Indian Grand National.

MUKTEARS' CONFERENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 1.

The sixth Muktears' Conference was held at Barisal on 29th and 30th December, Mr. Parbati Churu Bose, Muktear of Dacca, presiding. The conference resolved that a committee consisting of six members should wait upon the Viceroy, law member and other members of the Imperial Council to represent before them the grievances of Muktears. It was also resolved to send a memorial to the Chief Justice of Bengal for revising the rules and circulars of the High Court so that Muktears might have their due rights and privileges. Another resolution protested against the objectionable clause embodied in section 4 of the Draft Bill prepared for the coming amendment of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

CONFERENCE WEEK IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 2.

During Christmas Week as many as 39 Conferences of various sorts were held in Calcutta. Most of these were of minor and sectional importance. Of these five were political, three social, two industrial, four humanitarian and social service and the rest sectional or communal or confined to individual castes. Messrs Gandhi, Tilak, Malaviya, Jinnah, Mrs. Besant and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu attended almost all the important conferences and delivered speeches.

DISHONEST ANGLO-INDIAN JOURNALISM

In the course of his speech in supporting the proposition respecting the formal election of the President of the Indian Industrial Conference at Calcutta, Mr. S. R. Bomanji said:—This city of Calcutta is a City of dishonest Anglo-Indian Journalism. The "Statesman" attacked me with reference to my views regarding the investment of English capital in this city. I replied to the paper saying that my speech was inaccurately and insufficiently reported and I gave all the facts at once. But the "Statesman" had not the honesty to publish the whole thing. This is dishonest Journalism. But you, gentlemen, have in your own hands the power to strangle this sort of Journalism. If you refuse to subscribe to the "Statesman," do you think the paper will go on like that? I was one of those who some years ago joined the movement to boycott "The Times of India" for its anti-Indian tendencies. That movement had its deserved effect. It is now the only Anglo-Indian journal which tries to be sympathetic towards us. But the reason of its change of tone and attitude was the boycott. Why don't you do the same? (loud shouts of "Boycott the Statesman" and very great excitement.) I have taken too much of your time and I won't take more. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

DEATH MUTINY VETERAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

OOTACAMUND, Jan. 2.

The death took place on last day of 1917 of Ambrose Perkin, a mutiny veteran. Deceased was born on 10th January, 1829. He enlisted in 1843 in the Royal Horse Guards. When eight years old he was present at the Coronation of Queen Victoria. With the 43rd regiment, he went to South Africa on the outbreak of the first Kaffir war. He served in the Indian Mutiny under General Wheeler. In 1864 he proceeded to New Zealand on the outbreak of the Maori War. On returning in 1874 he was appointed master carpenter, Lawrence Memorial School, Lovedale, in which capacity he served 23 years, and finally returned to Ootacamund in 1897. He was the pioneer manufacturer of eucalyptus oil on the Nilgiris under instructions from Surgeon-General Biddie. The funeral was fully military. The deceased had several medals.

Opinions of

Sir M. O'Dwyer's Pol[illegible]

The "Leader":—[illegible] also have usefully p[illegible] Revolution in Russia [illegible] the natural result of [illegible] its rulers, who denied [illegible] control over their affairs. [illegible] ties of national develop[illegible] also have stated how, by [illegible] far-sighted and liberal [illegible] progress by its wise ru[illegible] within a very brief space [illegible] most remarkable progress [illegible] tory, in arts, science, ind[illegible] and military and naval o[illegible] how this has contributed [illegible] strength, and to the co[illegible] people. He might have [illegible] contrasted the orderly and [illegible] made in Japan within 40 [illegible] India within a century of [illegible] the various departments of [illegible] If he had done so, we are s[illegible] have found sufficient reason [illegible] the prevailing unrest and di[illegible] the country which seemed t[illegible] allied to a revolutionary m[illegible] member of an all-perfect[illegible] cannot be expected to turn [illegible] glass on its shortcomings and [illegible] when things are out of joint, [illegible] an explanation in the deart[illegible] ense among Indian politician[illegible] can never be of those who a[illegible] trolled have had the dispensat[illegible] affairs in their hands for near[illegible] ters of a century, but of tho[illegible] ticians who are carried awa[illegible] 'abstract speculation and vag[illegible] Sir Michael O'Dwyer and othe[illegible] of thinking would, however, d[illegible] member that Indian politici[illegible] obnoxious and wrong-headed t[illegible] gard them to be, are not freal[illegible] but are products of British rul[illegible]

Lord Ronaldshay as a Rigid Neu[illegible]

"New India":—We can[illegible] tulate his Excellency Lor[illegible] shay on the wisdom or statesma[illegible] decision to decline the invitat[illegible] Chairman of the Reception C[illegible] be present at the sittings of th[illegible] This incident reminds us of the [illegible] of the movement when the Co[illegible] looked upon with suspicion a[illegible] and then with contempt and [illegible] the official hierarchy and its frie[illegible] official Anglo India; and in th[illegible] tion, of the fact that the invit[illegible] to attend the Congress were re[illegible] the Government of Bengal in 189[illegible] authority of the then Viceroy[illegible] stage of ridicule and contempt h[illegible] nd the movement has become [illegible] factor which cannot be ignored in[illegible] tics of the Nation. Be it said to [illegible] of Lord Pentland that he created [illegible] dent when he attended the Ma[illegible] ress in 1914. Lord Willingdon [illegible] ended the Provincial Conference [illegible] two years ago. Even last Dec[illegible] Lucknow, Sir James Meston thoug[illegible] istent with gubernatorial dignity [illegible] the Congres, and, what is more, t[illegible] few words to the gathering. [illegible] Ronaldshay has thought otherwise [illegible] planation is that "it behoves the [illegible] Presidency to preserve an attitude [illegible] neutrality" in the present circu[illegible] nd that he would avoid any in[illegible] hat he might receive to attend Co[illegible] or meetings "at which the views o[illegible] nterested parties might be advoc[illegible]

Bengal Internments:—

The "Hindu":—No useful [illegible] is served in disguising the fact that [illegible] ple honestly believe that the majo[illegible] the interned young men are innoc[illegible] is also the honest belief of the [illegible] ment that they are guilty. What [illegible] the truth, of the matter the man[illegible] which a large number of youths ha[illegible] deprived of their liberty and the [illegible] of the treatment given to them in [illegible] confinement have created uneasiness [illegible] public mind to an alarming extent [illegible] forebodes no good to the proper [illegible] standing between the people and the [illegible] ernment, which is the very founda[illegible] the Empire, to strengthen which is [illegible] the all important duties of the G[illegible] ment. The scope of the Committee [illegible] pointed by the Government have no[illegible] failed to evoke any enthusiasm but [illegible] caused widespread suspicion. The [illegible] which the Government have in view [illegible] pointing the Committee would o[illegible] strengthened by adding a few more [illegible] officials and by widening the scope o[illegible] enquiry. Under the circumstances pru[illegible] and statesmanship, require that a ge[illegible] amnesty should be given to all po[illegible] prisoners; but if for any special re[illegible] the Government could not accept su[illegible] wise course, there ought to be no h[illegible] tion on their part to widen the [illegible] of the proposed Committee so as to [illegible] fy the public feeling to the fullest e[illegible] and to appoint a small represen[illegible] Committee in each District to visit a[illegible] detenues and report about their comp[illegible] regarding the treatment. Unless th[illegible] mands of the people in regard to[illegible] question of internments in Bengal are [illegible] conceded, it is impossible to hope fo[illegible] "calm atmosphere" which is so esse[illegible] at the present grave crisis and we sin[illegible] ly trust that the Government wil[illegible] the wisdom of giving a ready respons[illegible] support of the Resolution which has [illegible] accepted by the Indian National Cong[illegible]

LAST WEEK

POSITIVELY

LAST WEEK

OF

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No relapse——Perfectly safe.

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They are always ready to help if anything goes wrong in the Electrical Installation

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Saturday, Dec. 29th.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	7,266,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	470,000
East Indian ,, ,, ...	150,000
American ,, ,, ...	3,263,000
Other ,, ,, ...	72,000
Total Sales	4,000
East Indian Sales	2,000
Total Sepeculation	..
,, Export	..
East Indian Export	..
,, ,, Stock	74,000
,, ,, Forwarded	15,000
,, ,, Actual Export	2,000
,, ,, Imports	..
,, ,, Speculation	..
American Afloat	16,000
East Indian Afloat	6,000
Total Afloat	249,000

(Received mutilated.)

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Dec 31st.

Day's Receipts at all U. S Ports			25,000
Futures at New York	Mar.	..	30.30
,, ,,	May	..	29.80
,, ,,	July	..	29.54
Spot Cotton at New York		..	31.75
,, ,, at New Orleans		..	30.13
Futures at New Orleans	Mar.	..	29.28
,, ,,	May	..	28.92

New York closed 1st January.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on 20th December, 1917.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	92,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office Rs. 134,18,198	
,, Deposits at Branches .. ,, 101,16,813	
	2,35,35,079
Other Deposits	26,16,37,188
Post Bills	3,931
Sundries	34,63,762
Rs. ..	32,80,79,880

ASSETS:

	Rs.
Government Securities	7,22,47,844
Other authorised Securities	22,49,479
Credits, on Government and other authorised securities	1,27,84,030
Loans, on Government and other authorised securities	7,36,19,467
Bills Discounted and Purchased	1,78,55,680
Dead Stock	8,62,266
Stamps	6,971
Bullion	3,185
Balances with other Banks	9,42,092
Sundries	16,39,389
Cash	13,98,98,883
Rs. ..	32,80,79,880

RAILWAY TRAFFIC RETURNS.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.

(Incorporated in England)

Comparative Statement of Traffic Earnings for week ending 20th Dec. 1917.

	% Tot. for the week.	Total to date.
	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 20th Dec. 1917.	4	
G.I.P. Rly	19,42,600	2,68,09,036
A.D.C. Rly	52,000	7,45,390
B.K. Rly	4,500	53,036
C.B. Rly	5,100	64,551
Total ..	20,04,200	2,76,75,011
Earnings for corresponding 7 days ending 20th Dec. 1916.		
G.I.P. Rly	22,96,618	2,51,22,474
A.D.C. Rly	64,265	7,32,736
B.K. Rly	5,323	36,416
C.B. Rly	7,542	70,992
Total ..	23,73,748	2,59,62,620
Inc. or Dec. G.I.P. Rly	—3,54,018	+16,87,462
A.D.C. Rly	—12,265	+15,654
B.K. Rly	—823	+16,616
C.B. Rly	—2,442	—6,441

Central Provinces Railways.

	Total for the week. Rs.	Total to date. Rs.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 29th Dec. 1917 ..	11,000	1,72,566
Earnings for corresponding 7 days ending 29th Dec. 1916.	11,606	1,74,979
Increase or Decrease	—606	—2,413

Dhond Baramati Railway.

	Total for the week. Rs	Total to date. Rs.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 29th Dec. 1917.	1,700	20,180
Earnings for corresponding 7 days ending 29th Dec. 1916.	908	15,022
Increase or Decrease	+792	+5,158

NOTE—Corrected with Audited figures upto 31st Oct. 1917

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION,

Bombay, Jan. 2nd.

	Rs.
Cash Certificates	1,084-0-0
Total up-to-date	24,94,745-12

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Prices on application

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AGRA.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Jan. 2.

Yesterday (New Year's Day) the Marwadi bazaar was open only for a short time, but there was a good enquiry by Japanese export houses and Good Broach closed at Rs. 578. This morning the nominal quotation was Rs. 580. The Marwadi bazaar opened to-day at 1-45 p.m. the opening quotation for Good Broach being Rs. 582. Owing to a continued demand the price quickly advanced to Rs. 585½, and remained about this rate for some time with business passing. To-day being a Jain holiday (Magsar Vadi Panchmi) the market closed at 3 p.m: the tone at the close being irregular as under:

The ready market was closed to-day. Quotations 3 p.m.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

NEW CROP

Good Broach	—	April	583 1/2
Wine Wardah Ringangaut ..	—	January	635
,, Nagpur Kampti ..	—	,,	630
,, Khamgaon Akola ..	—	,,	607/8
,, Khandesh ..	—	,,	571
,, Muthia ..	—	,,	556
,, Bengal ..	—	,,	502
Fully Good Bengal ..	—	,,	466

* RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. of 31st December:—

Cotton	9,346 bales.
Wheat	18,027 cwts.
Linseed	1,959 ,,
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc. ..	189 ,,
Gingelly seed	5 ,,
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	Nil
Castorseed	2,304 ,,
Rice	467 ,,
Myrabollams	Nil
Cottonseed	161 ,,
Unawashed	401 ,,
Grain	1,629 ,,
Jowar	662 ,,
Wheat	Nil
Barley	1,301 ,,

*These figures do not include the arrivals by sea, which are NOT available.

BULLION.

BOMBAY, Jan. 2.

The silver market was steady and there were violent fluctuations during the holidays.

Bar Gold 27-12.
Sovereign 17-5.
Silver Ready ex-duty 101-3.
Silver 1st Settlement ex-duty 101-3.
Silver 2nd Settlement ex-duty 101-5.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 31/32.
Bank Demand drafts 1/5 1/32.
3 months' Sight Credits 1/5 13/32.
Bank demand on France Fr. 192½
3 months' Sight France Fr. 201.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs 215.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 308.
T. T. on Japan Rs 150.
60 days Sight Japan Rs 143½.
Bank demand on New York Rs 297½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent War Loan 1929-47.
Cum-warrant 65.
Warrant 0-9-0 per cent.
4 per cent Conversion Loan 82.
4 per cent Conversion Terminable Loan 90.
3½ small pieces 69½.
3 per cent small pieces 57.
4 per cent Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 months' notice 86.
4 per cent Port Trust Bond guaranteed long-dated 79½.
Municipal long-dated 78½.
Municipal short-dated 90.
City Improvement Trust 60 years' Jan-July 78.
5 per cent Municipal Tansa 93.
Sanitary 92.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES.

The share market opened steady after the holidays and a fair amount of business was done both for January and February settlements. In the new market also similar conditions prevailed.

The undertone of the market continues to be good in view of the most promising dividends that the mill companies are likely to declare.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshis 1900, Swans 500, Standards 2055, Simplexs 882½, Shapurjis 140, Pearls 630, New Greats 302/8, Madhavjees 2230, Luxmi Cottons 1620, Kohinoors 1025, Kasturchands 1325, Indore Malwas 390, Indian Bleachings 225, Finlays 435, Fazulbhoys 830, Davids 630, Currimbhoys 435, Crescent 261/4, Centurys 435, Nagpurs 2590, Bombay Uniteds 870, Central India Minings 47/8, Katnis deferred 1420, Tata Ordy. 261/4, Deferreds 1142/8, Alcocks 1130, Bombay Steams 305, Bombay Burmas 1070.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 1910, Standards 2060, Simplexs 885, Shapurjis 142/8, Pearls 637/8, Madhavjis 2240, Kohinoors 1630, Indore Malwas 395, Finlays 432/8, Fazulbhoys 832/8, Davids 640, Currimbhoys 437/8, Crescents 262/8, Nagpurs 2600, Bombay Uniteds 867/8, Tata Ordy. 262/8, New Ordy. 87/8, premium, Tatas Deferred 1140, New Deferreds 355 premium, Alcocks 1150, and Bombay Steam 301/4.

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Beware of worthless imitations.
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Where loss of vitality has struck you down, do not despond, regain your normal physical condition, and the man you used to be you will be once again if you take Vandan the greatest tonic for men. It will make you fit, and keep you fit, and will do so quickly and surely. Get a box to-day and notice the improvement within only a week. Priced at Rs. 2 per box.

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It is also very efficacious to Businessmen, Brain-workers, and Students as it keeps the brain cool, memory refreshed and scalp clean. Besides it is exquisitely perfumed. For superiority Gold Medal is awarded in the Mysore Exhibition. Use it once.

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Price Re. 1 per bottle.

Price Rs. 2-10-0 for 3 bottles.

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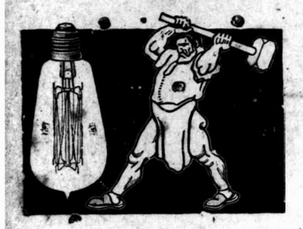

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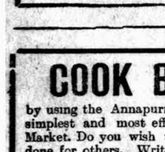

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(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882 on 21st December).

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 50,00,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 25,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS. 3 per cent. per annum allowed on daily balance over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities favourable rates.

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4 per cent. Exchequer Bonds are bought and sold by the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE:

Alice Building, Horn by Road, Bombay.

S. N POCHKHANAWALA,

Manager.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 17.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieut-Colonel D K Anderson, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut M Ashley, Irish Fusiliers.
Capt I Benson, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut G A Carter, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G A Cawson, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut P N Cunningham, Highland Light Infantry.
Capt G L Davidson, Highland Light Infantry.
Lieut R Eastwood, Engineers.
Second-Lieut H Eckersley, Labour Corps.
Capt Hon C Edwardes, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut J N Ellis, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Capt H R Forde, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut W W Freeman, Durhams.
Capt W A Fugeman, Royal Fusiliers.
Capt R A W Gamlen, Worcesters.
Capt A Grant, Essex.
Rev O A Holden, Chaplain.
Rev T Howell, Chaplain.
Capt K H Kean, Lancasters.
Lieut A Macfarlane, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J A McKee, South Staffords.
Capt P M Martin, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut J Miller, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut W K Munnerley, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J Osborne, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut J R Reed, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut R H Reid, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut R H Robertson, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut J H Robinson, Somersets.
Capt A F Sandeman, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut R E Simmons, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J E Southon, Londons.
Second-Lieut J Whitfield, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut R Winnicott, Devons.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut R D Abbey, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut C Buchan, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut M L Chaland, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut A T Corcoran, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Lieut A T Fenner, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut P R Hislop, Middlesex.
Hony Capt J P L Shea, Durhams.
Second-Lieut H V Young, Flying Corps.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut H J Abbey, Border Regiment.
Capt R H Atkinson, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut H L Ball, Essex.
Second-Lieut W J Barclay, Londons.
Lieut T P E S Barrett, South Staffords.
Lieut C H Borthwick Horse Artillery.
Second-Lieut H L Brigham, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Lieut W J Brockman, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C R Butler, Londons.
Second-Lieut W J Chandler, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J E Corry, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut W A Couper, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut P W Cowtin, Londons.
Second-Lieut D Davidson, Northumberlands.
Capt W T Davies, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut T W Dences, Middlesex.
Lieut J H Dudgeon, Dragoons.
Second-Lieut H Duff, Border Regiment.
Lieut C Eastough, South Staffords.
Lieut-Colonel J W L Elgee, Middlesex.
Lieut F C F Gilchrist, South Staffords.
Lieut R A Gilchrist, Londons.
Second-Lieut T S Good, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut A Gosben, Middlesex.
Capt E A T Green, Medicals.
Capt R F Greenhill, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C P Halliday, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut A McN Hay, Engineers.
Lieut T C W Haynes, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut W A C Hayward, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut L G Hellier, Border Regiment.
Capt A Hewitt, Londons.
Second-Lieut C E Hopkins, Londons.
Capt J J Knight, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut J H W Hotchkiss, Border Regiment.
Lieut W E Howard, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut T K Howick, Guernsey Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut W R Hudson, Rifle Brigade.
Capt H P W Humphreys, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J M Jamie, Border Regiment.
Capt R P Kinloch, Garrison, Artillery.
Second-Lieut H J Knight, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Lieut B Knowles, Medicals.
Capt P Lambert, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Capt C E Loseby, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Capt C W McConnan, Border Regiment.
Capt J C Mcilwraith, Militia.
Capt P W Mckeag, Medicals.
Second-Lieut J McLellan, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut J Malley-Martin, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut A H Manuell, South Staffords.
Lieut S C Maxfield, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut F W Mudford, Londons.
Second-Lieut S M Murray, Highland Light Infantry.
Capt W A Murray, Royal Fusiliers.
Capt G A Nairn, Gordons.
Second-Lieut R Nairne, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut H J Nave, Londons.
Second-Lieut A W Newbold, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut E Pargeter, Lancers.
Second-Lieut E H Phillips, North Staffords.
Capt W S Pickup, Medicals.
Second-Lieut R A Pincombe, Londons.
Second-Lieut B W L Portman, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut E Pulley, Londons.
Capt G M Rambaut, Field Artillery.
Capt E Ridgway, North Staffords.
Major C F A S Rocke, Irish Guards.
Capt C L Rougier, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut E A Scholes, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut P J Score, North Staffords.
Major W D Scott, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut W Seery, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut K R Sleight, Londons.
Second-Lieut J T Smallwood, Northumberlands.
Capt R W B Sparkes, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut A W Stark, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Capt J D Steele, Essex.
Second-Lieut C S Sutherland, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut R G A Temple, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut S T B Thorp, South Staffords.
Capt C W Welch, Londons.
Capt J O Westwater, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut G F Wickstead, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut T E Williamson, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A T Worthington, Welsh Fusiliers.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut A T Aird, Londons.
Capt A T Cannon, Londons.
Second-Lieut C H Farrington, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut H D Schroder, Lancashire Fusiliers.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Capt J Alexander, Highland Light Infantry.

MISSING.

Capt D R Alexander, Medicals.
Second-Lieut H G Alloway, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut G W Asquith, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut H R Bradswell, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut G T Brooks, Londons.
Second-Lieut E Cain, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut F V Cliffe, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut F R Collings, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut E L Corps, Essex
Second-Lieut C B Darley, Field Artillery.
Capt J Davidson, Medicals
Second-Lieut D De Pennington, South Lancs.
Lieut W Dickinson, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut G L Dickson, Liverpools.
Capt J Ferguson, Medicals.
Second-Lieut W Garrow, Camerons.
Lieut L Goldstein, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R H Gribble, Field Artillery.
Lieut J D Gulich, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut E C Hall, Essex.
Capt F B F Hargreaves, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut W Harrison, Lancasters.
Capt C A Howe, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H Ingham, South Lancs.
Capt H T Jessop, Essex.
Second-Lieut S Kendall, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut L B Lee, Engineers.
Second-Lieut F H Lowe, Liverpools.
Capt C H Mallinson, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut A Mantle, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut W Marsden, North Lancs.
Lieut H Maynard, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut F Nisbett, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut L G Nixon, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C E Ogden, Flying Corps.
Lieut P Plowman, Huntingdon Cyclist Battalion.
Second-Lieut C G V Rennells-Moss, Flying Corps.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 2.

Disturbance off Coromandel coast is now advancing west-wards across the extreme south of the peninsula and has given nearly general rain in south-west Madras, Negapatam reporting two inches, Cuddalore, Madras one. Depression in north-west has given no appreciable rainfall.

Forecast:—Extension of rain in the south of the Peninsula.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 2nd January 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Temperature is generally in defect in the north Punjab and at Hissar.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is generally drier than usual. Night temperature is in defect in the extreme western and north-western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in south Rajputana and clear elsewhere. The air is generally drier than usual. Temperature continues in defect in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiwar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded. Temperature is in defect in the western half of Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has fallen and is now generally in defect at night.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has become nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are moderately clouded in Hyderabad and clear or lightly clouded in the Bombay Deccan. The air is drier than usual. Night temperature is in excess in south Hyderabad but in defect in the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Conditions are unsettled in the extreme south of the Peninsula and the adjacent parts of the Arabian Sea and rainfall has been nearly general on the south Coromandel coast and in the adjoining districts inland. The unsettled conditions in north-west India have nearly disappeared. Temperature continues in defect to the west of a line joining Rajkot and Lahore.

Local rain is likely in south-east Madras and some showers in Malabar.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA:

Bombay, 1st Jan. 1918

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.:

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.062 Inches
Temperature of Air	73.6 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	66.0 "
Dew Point	61.9 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.674 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	0.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	83.5 "
Minimum do.	65.5 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NNE,NE,ENE,NW,WNW.
Movement of Wind do.	165 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on sill		LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill	
	Jan.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Jan.	h.	m.	ft. in.
Wed	2	m	1	57	27 11	2	m	8 20	18 9
			2	8a	25 3				
Thur.	3	m	2	22	27 3	3	m	8 52	18 11
			2	44a	24 9			8 18a	19 4
Fri.	4	m	2	49	26 8	4	m	9 30	19 3
			3	30a	24 4			8 56a	20 2
Sat.	5	m	3	20	26 1	5	m	10 18	19 3
			4	28a	24 0			9 46a	21 1
Sun.	6	m	4	1	25 6	6	m	11 20	19 0
			5	42a	24 0			11 11a	22 0
Mon.	7	m	4	59	25 0	7	m	0 0	18 8
			7	14a	24 5				
Tues.	8	m	6	6	24 9	8	m	1 0	22 3
			8	35a	25 5			1 28a	18 1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Jan.		Sunrise	Sunset
"	2 (Wednesday)	7h 12m	6h. 13m.
"	3 (Thursday)	7h 13m	6h 13m
"	4 (Friday)	7h. 13m	6h. 14m.
"	5 (Saturday)	7h. 13m	6h. 15m.
"	6 (Sunday)	7h. 14m	6h. 15m.
"	7 (Monday)	7h. 14m.	6h 16m.
"	8 (Tuesday)	7h 14m	6h. 17m.

Passes of the Moon:—

		d.	h	m
Last Quarter	Jan. 1918,	5	5	19 6 p.m.
New Moon	"	13	4	5 8 a.m.
First Quarter	"	19	8	7 9 p.m.
Full Moon	"	27	8	44 2 a.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 2nd January, 1918, was 30.203 Inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the hip's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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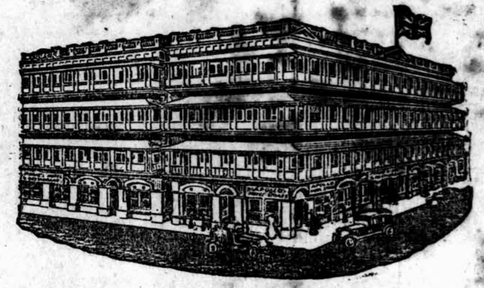

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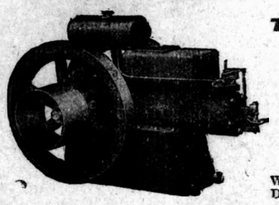

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